



December 5th, 2024

Team: 1

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Long: Advanced Drainage Systems (NYSE: WMS)

Current Price: \$132 (11/24/2024) | 1Y Price Target: \$172 (31% Upside)



Advanced Drainage Systems Overview

Revolutionizing Water Solutions with High-Performance Plastics Across Diverse End Markets

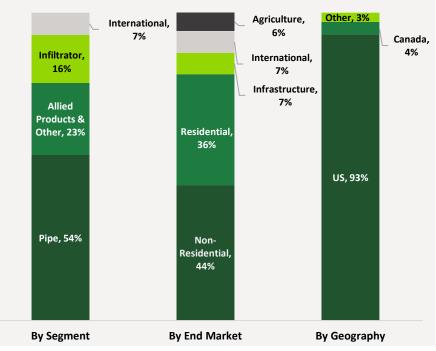
Company Overview

- Leading manufacturer of innovative water management solutions for the stormwater and onsite septic wastewater industries
- Supports material conversion to plastic through high-performance thermoplastic pipes and water management solutions

Trading and FY24 Financial Data

Current Price (\$)	131.50	Revenue (\$M)	2,874
Market Cap (\$M)	10,080	Gross Margin	40%
EV (\$M)	10,751	EBITDA (\$M)	916
52W Low / High (\$)	116.98-184.27	EPS (\$)	6.45

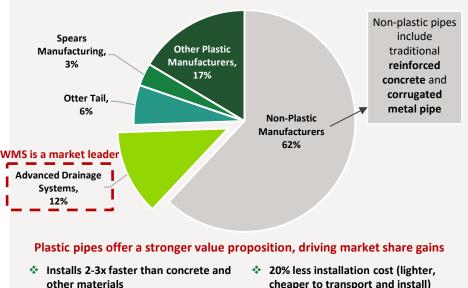
Revenue Breakdown FY2024



WMS is Positioned for Success

- \checkmark **Regulation:** a robust regulatory team driving plastic pipe approvals and securing universal approval for Infiltrator products across the U.S. and Canada
- **Extensive distribution:** the only manufacturer of plastic \checkmark pipe with a national manufacturing and distribution base
- \checkmark **Operational efficiency:** operates world's largest molding machines, molds, and automation; vertically integrated
- Economies of scale: as a high-volume buyer of resin, WMS \checkmark secures favorable terms and pricing with suppliers

US Market Share vs Competitors



- Service life of 100 years vs 45-50 for traditional materials
- cheaper to transport and install)
- Increasing environmental benefits as >50% of plastic supply is recycled

Sources: FactSet, Company Filings, Investor Presentations



Advanced Drainage: Flowing Towards The Future

We Have a Chance to Invest in an Industry Leader with Secular Growth Market Exposure Trading Below the Median Peer Multiple

Investment Thesis

Legacy Material Conversions, Aging Infrastructure, and
 Escalating Extreme Weather Events Drive Structural
 Growth Opportunities For WMS's Product Portfolio

Strategic Regional Presence Fuels Accelerated Growth in the Infiltrator Segment, Leveraging Migration Patterns and Targeted Incremental Sell-In Opportunities

Revenue Mix and Cost-Advantaged Materials Drive Sustainable Margin Expansion

Why is There an Opportunity?

d Consensus underestimates the company's long-term growth potential, driven by a structurally expanding market, a stronger customer value proposition, and a growing total addressable market Sell-side estimates overly emphasize transitory challenges from non-residential market volatility and storm disruptions, including five hurricanes, failing to fully reflect WMS's strategic geographical positioning and near-term tactical opportunities The market is overly focused on near-term margin compression from transitory cost pressures, ignoring potential expansion

opportunities from structural improvements in operations

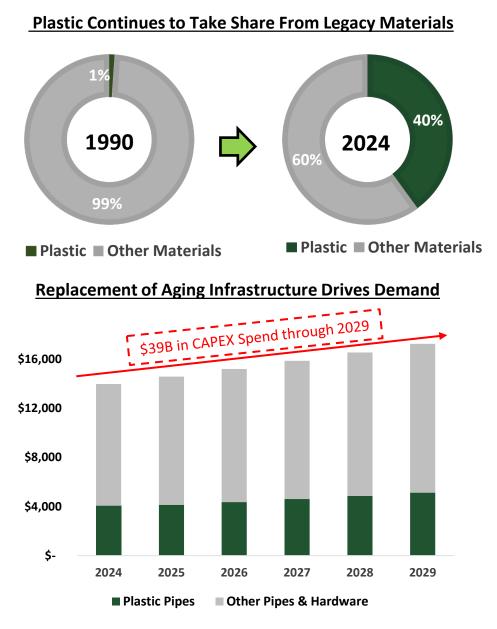
These Opportunities Underpin Our Divergence From Consensus

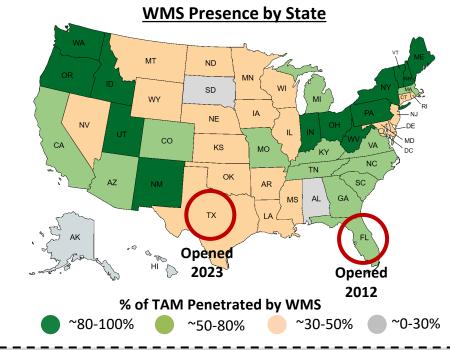
		Team E	<u>stimates</u>	Consensus Estimates			
	FY 2024-A	FY 2026-E	Growth	FY 2026-E	Growth		
Revenue	\$2,874M	\$3,225M	6% CAGR	\$3,128M	4% CAGR		
Gross Margin	39.9%	39.8%	-10bps	39.3%	-60bps		
Operating Margin	25.5%	25.2%	-30bps	24.7%	-80bps		
EPS	\$6.45	\$7.33	7% CAGR	\$6.73	2% CAGR		



Investment Thesis #1 – Material Conversion to Plastic

Legacy Material Conversion Drives Structural Growth Opportunity





After receiving State DOT approval, the potential TAM expands, positioning WMS to gain market share in priority states

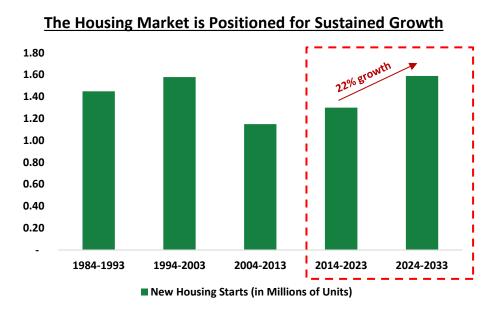
Revenue	FY24A	<u>FY25E</u>	<u>FY26E</u>
Estimate	\$ 1,586,618	\$ 1,586,618	\$ 1,697,681
Consensus	1,586,618	1,565,270	1,629,900
Delta (%)	0.0%	1.4%	4.2%
Growth - Team	(9.8%)	0.0%	7.0%
Growth - Consensus	(9.8%)	(1.3%)	4.19

Sources: Bluefield Research, Stephens, Oppenheimer, 2022 Investor Presentation, Wall Street Journal, American Society of Civil Engineers, Company Video

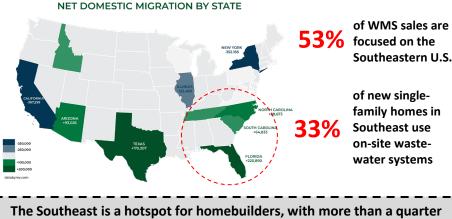


Investment Thesis #2 – Regional Strategy Fuels Growth

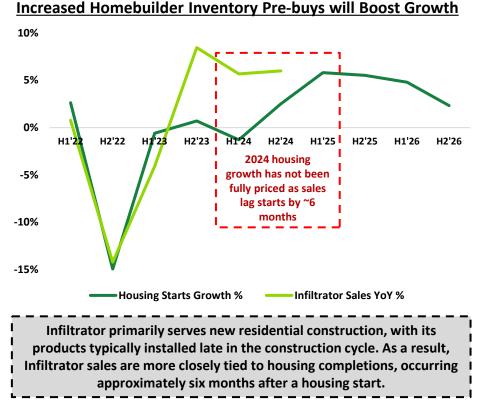
Strategic Regional Focus and Housing Market Momentum Drive Infiltrator's Growth



WMS is Setup to Succeed in the Southeast Region



The Southeast is a hotspot for homebuilders, with more than a quarter of them located there. WMS has established strong relationships with the top 20 homebuilders.



As a Result, Our Model Projects an Estimate Above Consensus

Infiltrator: Consensus v. Estimates										
<u>Revenue</u>		<u>FY24A</u> <u>FY25</u>			<u>FY26E</u>					
Estimate	\$	531,236	\$	610,921	\$	702,560				
Consensus		531,236		582,833		672,167				
Delta (%)		0.0%		4.8%		4.5%				
Growth - Team		1.5%		15.0%		15.0%				
Growth - Consensus		1.5%		9.7%		15.3%				



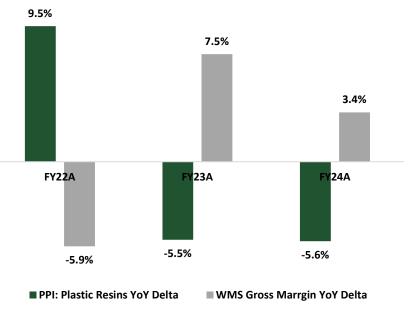
Investment Thesis #3 – Margin Expansion

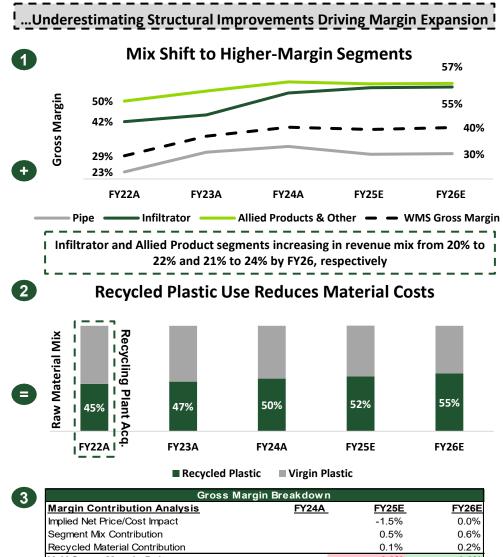
Sustainable Margin Expansion Through Structural Improvements

Consensus Seems to Attribute Margins Primarily to Resin Pricing...

- Consensus underappreciates the magnitude of structural enhancements occurring within the business, viewing WMS as a primarily commoditized plastic manufacturer
- The transition toward higher-margin Infiltrator and Allied Products, with margins in the mid-50% range, is expected to drive 60bps of YoY structural gross margin expansion in FY26
- Vertically integrated recycling enhances the use of recycled plastics, which are 10%-20% cheaper than virgin materials and constitute 40% of COGS, contributing 20bps of YoY incremental margin in FY26

WMS Gross Margin vs. Plastic Resin Price Fluctuations





YoY Gross Margin Delta		-0.9%	0.8%
<u>Gross Margin</u>	FY24A	FY25E	FY26E
Team Estimate	39.9%	39.0%	39.8%
Consensus Estimate	39.9%	38.8%	39.3%
Delta		0.2%	0.5%



WMS Fundamentals Support a Multiple Re-Rating

We identified JHX and TREX as core peers due to their focus on material conversion and forward growth profiles. Our valuation uses forward multiples of 23.0x P/E and 14.5x EV/EBITDA, reflecting a slight premium to JHX and a discount to TREX, aligned with historical trading ranges

Comparable Company Valuation Multiples		Mark	et Data			P/E	EV/E	BITDA	EBITDA %	ROA	ROE	ROIC	Revenue	EPS
Company	Ticker	Stock Price	Mkt Cap (\$M)	EV (\$M)	2025	2026	2025	2026	5YR Avg.	5YR Avg.	5YR Avg.	5YR Avg.	FWD 2YR CAGR	FWD 2YR CAGR
Advanced Drainage Solutions (Consensus)	WMS	\$ 131.50	\$ 10,080	\$ 10,751	20.1x	18.1x	11.8x	10.9x	24.4%	8.0%	21.9%	10.3%	4.3%	2.1%
Advanced Drainage Solutions (Team Estimates)					17.9x	15.2x	10.7x	9.6x	24.4%	8.0%	21.9%	10.3%	5.9%	3 ^{6.6%}
Material Conversion Comparables											Ľ			9
James Hardie Industries	JHX	35.66	14,967	15,522	21.5x	18.3x	13.7x	12.0x	26.2%	9.2%	30.4%	16.4%	3.8%	3.5%
Trex Company, Inc.	TREX	72.25	7,568	7,625	33.1x	28.9x	21.0x	18.7x	25.5%	23.1%	33.0%	31.6%	5.2%	8.5%
AZEK Co.	AZEK	50.98	7,365	7,634	35.0x	29.8x	18.7x	17.0x	18.7%	2.1%	2.8%	2.4%	6.2%	30.3%
Hayw ard Holdings, Inc.	HAYW	16.06	3,586	4,285	21.2x	17.9x	14.8x	13.2x	24.2%	3.9%	9.3%	4.8%	5.1%	16.5%
Latham Group, Inc.	SWIM	6.89	764	961	72.9x	40.5x	11.6x	10.4x	10.8%	(1.7%)	(4.1%)	(2.2%)	(3.0%)	(22.5%)
Median					33.1x	28.9x	14.8x	13.2x	A 24.2%	3.9%	9.3%	4.8%	5.1%	3 ^{8.5%}
Water Comparables											e e			
Xylem Inc.	XYL	126.87	30,638	31,936	26.7x	23.8x	16.8x	15.3x	16.4%	4.6%	11.2%	6.6%	10.0%	12.1%
Zurn Elkay Water Solutions Corporation	ZWS	39.93	6,815	7,151	29.7x	26.7x	17.8x	16.4x	17.1%	3.4%	7.8%	4.5%	2.9%	17.5%
Watts Water Technologies, Inc.	WTS	215.17	7,089	6,996	24.1x	22.4x	15.5x	14.5x	17.2%	9.9%	15.8%	13.1%	5.4%	4.0%
Mueller Water Products, Inc.	MWA	25.18	3,961	4,100	21.2x	19.6x	13.3x	12.6x	17.9%	5.6%	12.2%	7.3%	3.4%	29.5%
Median					25.4x	23.1x	16.2x	14.9x	17.2%	5.1%	11.7%	6.9%	4.4%	3 14.8%

WMS Multiple Premium / (Discounts)									
	Forward P/E		Forward EV/EBITDA						
	2025	2026	2025	2026					
Multiple (Discount) vs. Material Conversion Comps	(39.3%)	(37.3%)	(19.9%)	(17.0%)					
Multiple (Discount) vs. Water Comps	(21.0%)	(21.7%)	(26.8%)	(26.6%)					

Rationale for Multiple Re-Rating:

Premium EBITDA Margins 24.4% vs. 17.2% for Water Comparables

Strong ROA, ROE, and ROIC

Superior to Comparables

2

Robust Growth Profile Aligned with Material Conversion Peers



Valuation Summary – Overview

2025 Base Case Price Target of \$172 Indicates 31% Upside

Valuation Methodology: Price Targets Derived from Averaged P/E and EV/EBITDA Multiple Results Across Downside, Base, and Upside Case Scenarios

1	P/E
i	Based on Current Peer Trading Multiples

			 	Line Arter
	D	ownside	Base	Upside
		Case	Case	Case
2026 EPS	\$	6.46	\$ 7.33	\$ 7.89
Forw ard P/E Multiple		15.0x	23.0x	25.0x
Target Price	\$	97	\$ 169	\$ 197
2026 EBITDA (\$M)	\$	916	\$ 1,003	\$ 1,060
Forw ard EV/EBITDA Multiple		9.0x	14.5x	16.5x
Total Enterprise Value (\$M)	\$	8,242	\$ 14,543	\$ 17,483
(-) Net Debt		770	770	770
Total Equity Value (\$M)	\$	7,472	\$ 13,773	\$ 16,713
(÷) Shares Outstanding (M)		78	78	78
Target Price	\$	96	\$ 176	\$ 214
Average Target Price	\$	96	\$ 172	\$ 206
Upside / (Dow nside)		-27%	31%	56%

Forecast Assumptions									
	Downside	Base	Upside						
FY24-FY29 Revenue CAGR	4.2%	6.3%	7.6%						
FY24-FY29 Average GM (%)	39.2%	40.2%	40.8%						
FY24-FY29 EPS CAGR	8.3%	11.0%	14.0%						

Sources: FactSet, Internal Model Projections

EV/EBITDA
Based on Current Peer Trading Multiples

Base	Case: Cons	ensus v. Estin	nate	es	
<u>Revenue</u>		FY24A		FY25E	FY26E
Estimate	\$	2,874,473	\$	2,965,989	\$ 3,225,410
Consensus		2,874,473		2,941,780	3,128,130
Delta (%)		0.0%		0.8%	3.1%
Growth - Team		(6.4%)		3.2%	8.7%
Growth - Consensus		(6.4%)		2.3%	6.3%
Gross Margin					
Estimate		39.9%		39.0%	39.8%
Consensus		39.9%		38.8%	39.3%
Delta		0.0%		0.2%	0.5%
Growth - Team		9.5%		(2.2%)	2.0%
Growth - Consensus		9.5%		(2.6%)	1.3%
EPS					
Estimate	\$	6.45	\$	6.35	\$ 7.33
Consensus		6.45		6.09	6.73
Delta (%)		0.0%		4.3%	8.9%
Growth - Team		6.1%		(1.5%)	15.4%
Growth - Consensus		6.1%		(5.6%)	10.5%



Risks to Valuation

While Key Valuation Risks Exist, WMS Is Strategically Positioned to Mitigate Them

Regulatory Material Conversion Delays	 Risk: Transitioning from legacy materials to plastic products is critical for WMS's growth. Failure to transition customers, regulatory restrictions, or approval delays could hinder progress. Mitigant: WMS's lobbying team engages regulators to promote corrugated plastic and expedite approvals. The company has a proven history of entering new markets successfully. 	High
Fluctuations in Plastic Resin Prices	 Risk: A rapid and substantial increase in the cost of resin could compress profit margins if WMS cannot fully pass these costs to customers via value-based pricing. Mitigant: Advanced Drainage mitigates this risk through bulk purchasing discounts and increased reliance on recycled plastics, supported by its vertically integrated recycling operations, reducing margin pressure. 	Moderate
Exposed to Construction Cyclicality	 Risk: A prolonged downturn in Residential and Non-Residential construction, WMS's primary markets, could significantly impact earnings. Mitigant: Stabilizing mortgage rates and a limited housing supply, especially in the South where WMS is focused, create a favorable environment that mitigates exposure to broader construction slowdowns. 	Moderate



Questions?







Photo Credit: Tina Abilgaziyeva



Appendix: Investment Thesis #1 - Ageing Infrastructure

Plastic Pipes' Superior Value Proposition Make them Ideal Solution to the US Water Infrastructure Crisis

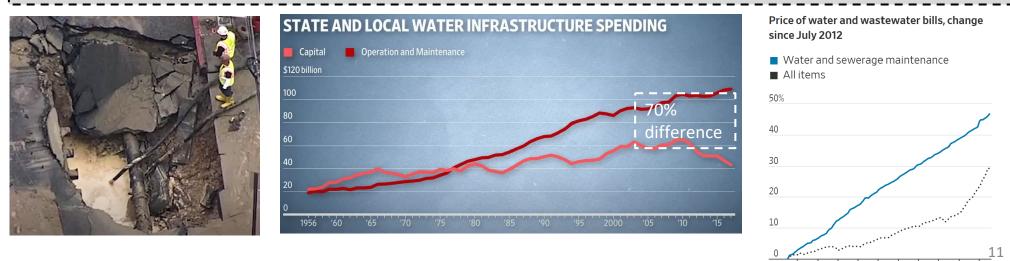
- Most of stormwater pipes, installed in the 1970s, are at or beyond their 40–50-year service life
- According the American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE), the average US pipe is 45 years old with some pipes dating back to the 1800s
- As a result, 2/3 of the American Water Infrastructure is due for replacement
- Replacing current pipes costs roughly \$1M per mile, and many states and municipalities resort to patching existing pipes. Today, replacement spending exceeds new CAPEX by 70%
- A lack of federal funds combined the increasing occurrence of water main breaks, water boil advisories, and high precipitation storms presents an opportunity for low-cost plastic pipes
- Legacy materials like cement pipes are heavier which makes them costly to transport, install, and repair
- Plastic pipes are 90% lighter and can last 100 years

HDPE & PP Value Proposition							
Installs 2-3x Faster than Concrete and Other Materials	20% less Installation Cost (lighter, cheaper to transport and install)						
Service Life of 100 years v. 45- 50 years for traditional materials	Increasing Enviromental Benefits as >50% of plastic supply is recycled						

Plastic Pipes Offer Superior Performance at a Lower Cost and States and Utilities Rush to Replace Infrastructure

2013 '14 '15 '16 '17 '18 '19 '20 '21

Every 2 minutes, a water main breaks in the US, >50K utilities struggle to replace pipes, results in rising water rates for consumers



Sources: 2022 Investor Presentation, Wall Street Journal, American Society of Civil Engineers



Appendix: Investment Thesis #1 Government CAPEX

Plastic Gains Share as State Departments of Transportation Approve the Use for Stormwater Infrastructure – Benefiting WMS

Figure 1 **Rates of Government Infrastructure Spending Since the 1950s**

Capital investments as a percentage of gross domestic product, 1956-2021

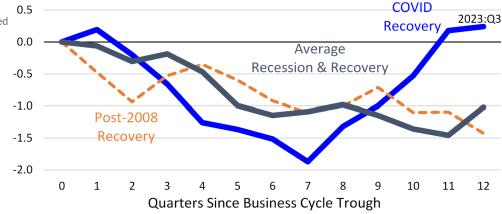


S&L Capital Investment as Share of S&L Spending Across Business Cycles

Percentage Point Change Since Business Cycle Trough

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis; U.S. Treasury calculations.

NBER business cycle troughs since 1971.



Notes: Capital investment is gross investment in equipment and structures. Average includes

Infrastructure as a percentage of 2019 state expenditures

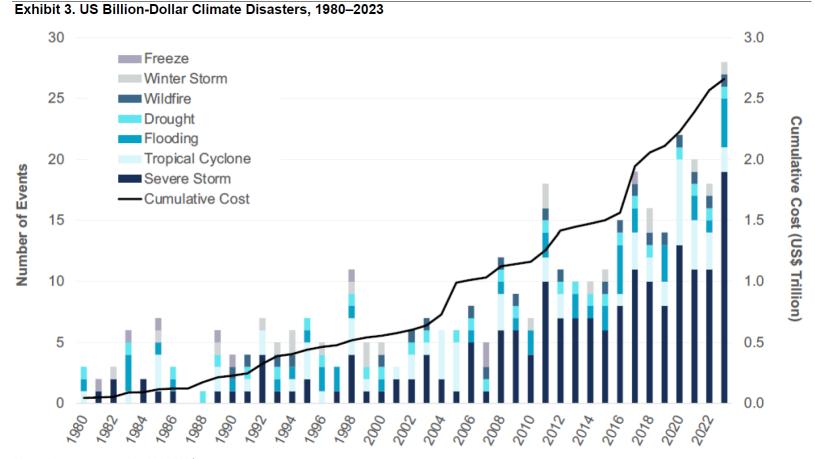
7.5 26.2

Thirty-five states dedicated more than 10% of their total spending to transportation and utilities. Highway spending made up a large portion of states' expenditures



Appendix: Investment Thesis #1 - Aging Infrastructure

Current Stormwater Infrastructure was not built to accommodate increased average precipitation and frequency of major storms



Note: Costs expressed in 2023 US\$

Storms now average ~22B in damages per year with Stormwater related events now accounting for >75% or \$1B+ disasters. Additionally, between the 1980s and the 2020s the US counties have seen on average an 18% increase in number of extreme precipitation days

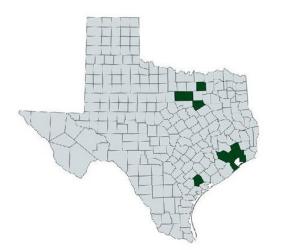


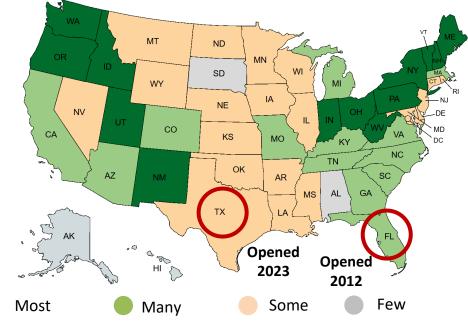
Appendix: Investment Thesis #1 Approval Process for Plastic

Plastic Gains Share as State Departments of Transportation Approve the Use for Stormwater Infrastructure – Benefiting WMS



"Many" - >60% of the population





- Most, estimated to be approvals in counties encompassing 80-100% of a state's population
- Many, estimated to be approvals in counties encompassing 50-80% of a state's population
- Some, estimated to be approvals in counties encompassing 30-50% of a state's population
- Few, estimated to be approvals in counties encompassing 0-30% of a state's population
- Note: these estimates were derived via case studies provided by historical investor presentations (see Florida and Texas Examples)

"Some" - <50% of the population



Appendix: Investment Thesis #1 Approval Process for Plastic

Plastic Gains Share as State Departments of Transportation Approve the Use for Stormwater Infrastructure – Benefiting WMS

Florida & Texas Case Studies



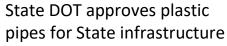
Since winning approval in 2012, WMS now has business in Florida counties encompassing >60% of the population



Since winning approval in 2023, WMS already grown its Texas presence to counties with ~50% of the population

Approval Process for HDPE and PP pipe









Counties and Municipalities begin approvals for local projects



Contractors incorporate plastic for state projects

Contractors incorporate plastic for non-infrastructure projects

- Private contractors follow State Departments of Transportation (DOT) guidelines when sourcing pipes
- From 1990 to 2022, states in the Midwest and Northeast gradually approved the use of plastic pipes for stormwater management
- This resulted in plastic growing from 1% share in 1990 to 38% share in 2022
- When a DOT approves the use of plastic, like Florida did in 2014, Plastic captures more market share as contractors are attracted to the superior value proposition.
- As a result, WMS saw Florida sales spike by 20% once other localities followed the DOT and private contractors began sourcing plastic
 - In 2023, Texas approved the use of plastic pipes and WMS has begun to growth in new orders in the state

Sources: Bluefield Research, State DOT selection guides, Company Earnings Call, Company Investor Presentation, Underground Infrastructure, Company Website, Correspondence with Advanced Drainage Field Engineer



Appendix: Investment Thesis #1 Approval Process for Plastic

Example of State Pipe Material Selection Guide

PIPE MATERIAL SELECTION_GUIDE							
(REINFORCED CONCRETE) AASHTO M170 (REINFORCED CONCRETE) AASHTO M170 (REINFORCED CONCRETE) AASHTO M36 (CORRUGATED STEEL) AASHTO M36 (CORRUGATED STEEL) AASHTO M36 (CORRUGATED STEEL) AASHTO M36		CCARP (CORRUGATED ALUMINUM) AASHTO M196 2 % × 2 CORRUGATION ³ HDPE AASHTO M294 ASTM F2881, ASTM F2764, ASTM F2764, ASTM F2764, ASTM F2764, ASTM F3764, ASTM F3764		NOTES			
FILL TABLES	MIN. MAX. M 2.0' 10.0' 2 [FOR FILLS > 40' (METHOD. NOTE: MUST HAVE A M WHEN FILL HEIG STRUCTURE AND TO AND UNDER SHOULDEN BERM BARRIER ARE 1' OF WHEN THE FILL D SUBGRADE FOR R PAVEMENT ARE 1'	CLASS III CLASS IV CLASS V III MAX, MIN MAX, MIN MAX, 2.0' 20.0' 1.0' 30.0' 1.0' 40.0' 8. <80' USE LRPD DIRECT DESKIN DIRECT DESKIN METHOD RCP PPES INMUM DIAMETER OF 36'.] HIS INOT INCLUDING THE PAVEMENT CURB AND GUITER, ENDRESSWAY GUITER, GUITER AND ADJACENT TO MEDIAN R LESS, SPECIFY CLASS V RCP. HEIGHTS IFROM TOP OF PIPE TO COR LESS, SPECIFY CLASS V RCP. E CLASS OF RCP IN A SINGLE RUN	15° 1.0' 162' 204' 18° 1.0' 135' 169' 239' 24° 1.0' 100' 126' 178' 30° 1.0' 79' 100' 142' 36° 1.0' 65' 83' 117' 152' 42° 1.0' 55' 70' 100' 130' 160'	SIZE MIN. Image: Margin margi	SIZE MIN. MAX SIZE MIN. MAX SIZE MIN. MAX 12° 2.0' 20' 12° 1.0' 20' 12° 2.0' 30' 15° 2.0' 20' 15° 1.0' 20' 15° 2.0' 30' 18° 2.0' 20' 18° 1.0' 20' 18° 2.0' 30' 20° 2.0' 10° 1.0' 20' 18° 2.0' 30' 20° 2.0' 20' 18° 1.0' 20' 24° 2.0' 30' 20° 2.0' 10' 1.0' 20' 24° 2.0' 30' 30° 2.0' 17' 36° 1.0' 20' 30° 2.0' 30' 42° 2.0' 17' 42° 1.0' 20' 45' 2.0' 30' 48° 2.0' 17' 54° NA NA 40' 40'	 RCP IS NOT ALLOWED FOR GRADES > 10% PFOR COUNTIES USTED IN ARTICLE 310-0 OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS CSP IS NOT ALLOWED. IN OTHER COUNTIES CSP REQUIRES AN ACCEPTABLE COATING IN ACCORDANCE WITH 1033-4. PFOR DIFFERENT CORFLIGATIONS AND ARCH PIPES REFER TO ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL AND MANUFACTURES SPECIFICATION. MINIMUM RILL HEIGHT IS MEASURED FROM TOP OF PIPE TO SUBGRADE. WHERE STIE CONDITIONS ALLOW: INCREASE FIPE DIAMETER OF OPEN END CROSS PIPES AND SECTIONS OF STORM SEWER SYSTEMS ACTING AS OPEN END CROSS PIPES, A MINIMUM OF ONE SIZE FOR FUTURE REHABILITATION, THIS IS IN ADDITION TO UPSTEMA OF OR END COMPENSATE FOR BURYING INVERTS FOR WILDUFE PASSAGE. FOR MER SUNS STRUCTURE, PROVIDE A MEANS TO REDUCE REN OF UNIVERVIEWE ENTRY INTO UPSTEMA END OF HPE. TO DOWNSTBEAM STRUCTURE, PROVIDE A MEANS TO REDUCE REN OF UNIVERVIEWE ENTRY INTO UDSTEMA BEND OF HPE. MORE BURS OF STORM SPECIFICATIONS, ULSTEY RIL HEIGHT OR DESIGN EVENTORS WITH STRUCTUREL DESIGN BASTD ON AMSHTO LEFD BEDGE DESIGN OR ASTIM STANDARDS. SUBMIT DESIGN SHEED BY AN INC PER FOR REVIEW & APPROVAL BY INCDOT. INISTALLATION OF ALL PIPE TYPES IS SUBJECT TO THE INSTALLATION METHODS FOUND IN THE STANDARD DEAWINGS, STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, WITH STANDA DEAWINGS, STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS HYDRAULCS GUIDELINES, AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS; ACCOUNTING FOR STRUCTURES UDD BASTD ON AMSHTO LEFD BEDGE DESIGN DRAVINGS, STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS HYDRAULCS GUIDELINES, AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS; ACCOUNTING FOR STRUCTURES UDD BASTD DIAWINGS, STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS HYDRAULCS GUIDELINES, AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS; ACCOUNTING FOR STRUCTURES UDD BASTD DIAWINGS, STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, WITH STANDARD DEAWINGS, STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS HYDRAULCS GUIDELINES, AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS; ACCOUNTING FOR STRUCTURES UDD AS SUCH AS SOL PROFERES. 	
OPEN END		CAN BE USED	USE ONLY IF PIPE SLOPE IS GREATER THAN 10%	USE ONLY IF PIPE SLOPE IS GREATER THAN 10% CAN BE USED	DO NOT USE USE ONLY IF TRAFFIC<15000 ADT & <200 DUALS & <100	ALL PIPES TYPES ARE SUBJECT TO THE MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM ALL HEIGHT REQUIREMENTS AS FOUND IN CHAPTER 5 OF THE ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL THE APPROPRIATE CLASS OF PIPE FOR RCP AND GAUGE THEKNESS FOR COSPCAP SHOULD BE SELECTED BASED ON FILL HEIGHT.	
CROSS PIPES	SECONDARY	CAN BE USED	CAN BE USED USE ONLY AT SYSTEM INLETS &	CAN BE USED USE ONLY AT SYSTEM INLETS &	CAN BE USED	SITE SPECIFIC CONDITIONS MAY LIMIT A PARTICULAR MATERIAL BEVOND WHAT IS IDENTIFIED IN THE TABLE. THESE CONDITIONS INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO, ABRASION, ENVIRONMENTAL, SOIL RESISTIVITY: AND, TH, HIGH, GROUND WATER, AND	
	INTERSTATE	CAN BE USED	SYSTEM OUTLET IF PIPE SLOPE IS GREATER THAN 10% USE ONLY AT SYSTEM INLETS &	SYSTEM OUTLET IF PIPE SLOPE IS GREATER THAN 10% USE ONLY AT SYSTEM INLETS &	DO NOT USE USE ONLY IF TRAFFIC < 15000 ADT &	SPECIAL LOADING CONDITIONS THE HITDRAUIC DESIGN ENGINEER WILL DETERMINE IF ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS ARE NECESSARY.	
STORM DRAIN SYSTEMS	PRIMARY	CAN BE USED	SYSTEM OUTLET IF PIPE SLOPE IS GREATER THAN 10% USE ONLY AT SYSTEM INLETS & SYSTEM OUTLET IF PIPE SLOPE	SYSTEM OUTLET IF PIPE SLOPE IS GREATER THAN 10% USE ONLY AT SYSTEM INLETS & SYSTEM OUTLET IF PIPE SLOPE	<200 DUALS & <100 TTST CAN BE USED	DEFINITIONS	
	INTERSTATE	CAN BE USED	IS GREATER THAN 10% USE ONLY IF PIPE SLOPE IS GREATER THAN 10%	IS GREATER THAN 10% USE ONLY IF PIPE SLOPE IS GREATER THAN 10%	DO NOT USE	SIDE DEALNS- STORM DRAIN PIPES RUNNING PARALLEL TO THE ROADWAY TO INCLUDE PIPES IN THE MEDIANS, OUTSIDE DITCHES, DRIVEWAYS AND UNDER SHOULDERS DREATE THAN 4' WIDE. MAY OR SHOULDERS GREATER THAN 4' WIDE. MAY OR WAY NOT BE OPEN ENDED.1' MINIMUM	
TRANSVERSE MEDIAN PIPES	PRIMARY	CAN BE USED	CAN BE USED	CAN BE USED	USE ONLY IF TRAFFIC < 15000 ADT & <200 DUALS & <100 TTST	COVER FOR ALL SIDE DRAIN PIPE IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.	
	SECONDARY	CAN BE USED	CAN BE USED	CAN BE USED	CAN BE USED	UNDER CURB AND GUTTER, EXPESSWAY GUTTER AND SHOULDER IERK GUTTER (MTH SHOULDERS AT WIDE OR LESS) THAT CONNECT DRAINAGE STRUCTURES, AND IS NOT OPEN	
	INTERSTATE	DO NOT USE	CAN BE USED	CAN BE USED	CAN BE USED	ENDED. ALSO. INCLUDES CROSS DRAIN CONNECTING TWO OR MORE SYSTEMS OR SYSTEM OUTLETS, ONLY PIPE WITH SMOOTH WALL INSIDE WALLS WILL BE ALLOWED FOR	
SLOPE DRAINS	PRIMARY	DO NOT USE	CAN BE USED	CAN BE USED	CAN BE USED	STORM DRAIN SYSTEMS. TRANSVERSE MEDIAN REES SHALLOW CROSS DRAIN PIRE THAT COLLECTS DRAINAGE IN	
	SECONDARY	DO NOT USE	CAN BE USED	CAN BE USED	CAN BE USED	A MEDIAN DITCH OR CURB SECTION AND DEPOSITS IT OUTSIDE DITCHES OR NATURAL DRAINAGE CHANNELS. MAY OR MAY NOT BE OPEN ENDED.	
		CAN BE USED	CAN BE USED	CAN BE USED	CAN BE USED	ALTERNATE PPE- MPE IN WHICH MATERIAL IS UNSPECIFIED ON THE DRAINAGE SUMMARY SHEET AND DRAINAGE PLANS.	
SIDE DRAINS	PRIMARY	CAN BE USED	CAN BE USED	CAN BE USED	CAN BE USED	HDBS- HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE BS- POLYPROPYLENE Philid 2024 DB 02	
<u></u>		Guide 2024 08 02 revision				Printed 2024 08 02 Revised 2024 08 02	

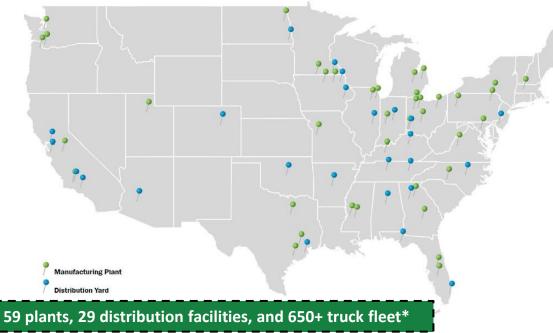
Material Selection Guide 2024 08 02 revision



Investment Thesis #1 – WMS has National Scale

WMS's Position as the Largest National Producer of Plastic Pipe Combined with its Vertical Integration Makes it the Primary Winner Footprint Competitor (Fratco) Footprint

WMS National Footprint



- WMS is the largest manufacturer of plastic pipe with a national manufacturing and distribution base
- Distribution centers and truck fleet allow for a distribution radius of ~300 miles from each distribution center
- WMS has advanced manufacturing with 190 patents and R&D that ensures its pipes are superior quality
- The company has an advanced molding facility in Winchester KY with the world's largest compression molding machine
- WMS's status as a high-volume resin buyer gives it economies of scale and favorable pricing
- The company also sources >50% of its resins from recycled material which provides additional cost savings

Sources: Company 10-K, Company IR presentation. Fratco Company Website, Pacific Corrugated Website





NM

Competitor (Pacific Corrugated) Footprint



Note: Our map only shows WMS's US footprint. The company also has 5 plants and 12 distribution facilities internationally 17



Investment Thesis #1 – WMS has National Scale

WMS's Next Largest Competitor, JM Eagle, Has a Smaller Distribution Footprint With Less Coverage of Key Markets

WMS National Footprint





JM Eagle Distribution Footprint

WMS	JM Eagle		
29 US Distribution Facilities in 18 states	21 US Distribution Facilities in 15 US states		
2 Facilities in Florida	No Distribution Facilities in Florida		
3 Distribution Facilities in Texas	1 Distribution Facility in Texas		
4 Facilities in California	6 Facilities in California		

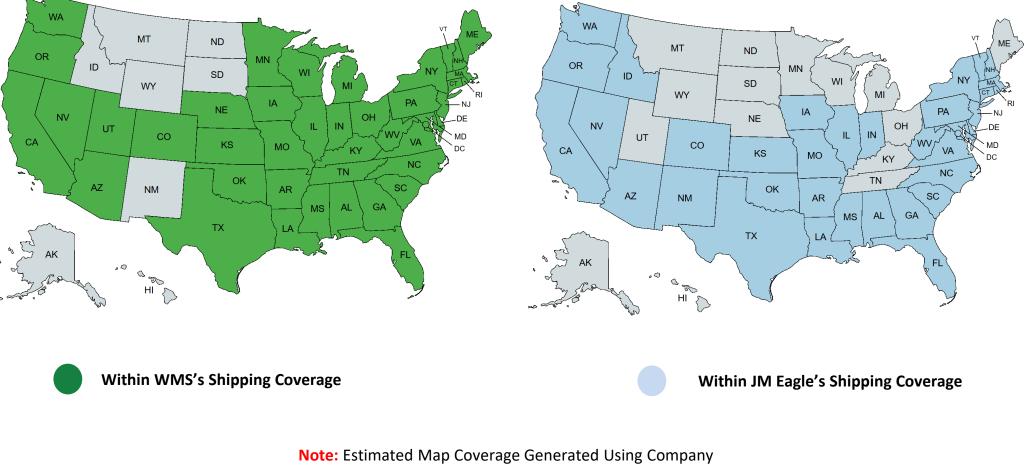


Investment Thesis #1 – WMS has national scale

WMS's Next Largest Competitor, JM Eagle, Has a Smaller Distribution Footprint With Less Coverage of Key Markets

WMS National Footprint

JM Eagle Distribution Footprint



Note: Estimated Map Coverage Generated Using Company Website Data, Record Distribution Centers, and Effective 300 Shipping Radius



Investment Thesis #1 – WMS has national scale

WMS's position as the largest national producer of plastic pipe combined with its vertical integration makes it the primary winner

	Manufacturing Plants	Distribution Centers	Total
United States	51	29	80
Canada	5	4	9
Mexico ⁽¹⁾	4	2	6
South America ⁽²⁾	4	5	9
Other ⁽³⁾	_	1	1
Total	64	41	105



Investment Thesis #1 – WMS has national scale

WMS's Fleet of 650+ Delivery Trucks Coupled with Their Distribution Base Gives Them an Effective Shipping Radius of ~300 Miles





Investment Thesis #1 – Implied Plastic Pipe Share Capture

Consensus Estimates Currently Imply Declining CapEx Share Capture

Implied Consensus Pipe Segment	 	 		
	 Mar-24A	Mar-25E	Mar-26E	
U.S. Total Investment in Stormwater Infrastructure	\$ 14,514,554	\$ 14,590,298	\$	15,217,680
Allocation for Stormwater Pipe Infrastructure	70.0%	70.0%		70.0%
Total Investment in U.S. Stormwater Pipe Systems	\$ 10,160,188	\$ 10,213,208	\$	10,652,376
Market Share of Plastic Stormw ater Pipes (HDPE & PP)	40.0%	40.2%		40.4%
Investment Allocation in Plastic Stormwater Pipes	\$ 4,064,075	\$ 4,105,710	\$	4,303,560
Consensus Implied WMS Market Capture in Plastic Pipe	40.5%	38.1%		37.9%
WMS Plastic Pipe Revenue	\$ 1,586,618	\$ 1,565,270	\$	1,629,900
Implied Market Share				
Team - Implied WMS Market Capture in Plastic Pipe Sector		38.6%		39.4%
Consensus - Implied WMS Market Capture in Plastic Pipe Sector		38.1%		37.9%
Delta		0.5%		1.6%



Investment Thesis #2 – Implied Infiltrator Share Capture

Strategic Regional Presence Fuels Accelerated Infiltrator Share Capture vs. Consensus

Implied Consensus Infiltrator Segment

	 Mar-24A	Mar-25E	Mar-26E
Total U.S. Septic System Market	\$ 5,300,000	\$ 5,618,000	\$ 5,955,080
Percentage of Septic Market Comprising Plastic Systems	43.0%	43.3%	43.5%
U.S. Market for Plastic Septic Systems	\$ 2,279,000	\$ 2,429,785	\$ 2,590,460
Consensus Implied WMS Market Capture in Plastic Septic	23.3%	24.0%	25.9%
WMS Infiltrator Revenue	\$ 531,236	\$ 582,833	\$ 672,167
Implied Market Share			
Team - Implied WMS Market Capture in Plastic Pipe Sector		25.1%	27.1%
Consensus - Implied WMS Market Capture in Plastic Pipe Sector	 	24.0%	 25.9%
Delta		1.2%	1.2%



Residential Homebuilder Programs

Focusing on building partnerships with the top homebuilders – estimated 30% of market opportunity is with the top 20 homebuilders

In 2019, began allocating key sales and engineering talent to focus on this segment

Driving the ADS value proposition

- Footprint in key geographies
- Delivery and service model
- Product depth and breadth
- Technical support
- National distribution partnerships
- Future investments to support growth and customer demand

National programs with 7 of the top 20 homebuilders

Local relationships with the 13 other top 20 builders



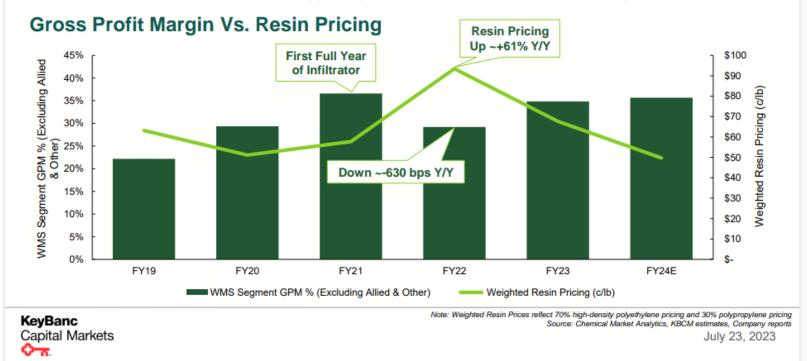


Vertically Integrated Recycling Process Drives a More Resilient Margin Profile

Financials: Unique and Attractive Operating Process

KEY Idea: Vertically integrated recycling process drives a more resilient margin profile

- Vertically integrated recycling process: With resins making >40% of COGS, WMS benefits from favorable pricing from its vertically integrated plastic recycling process and scale advantages.
- Insulated from resin pricing swings: Although not immune, due to better pricing from in-house recycling, WMS's gross margins are better insulated from dramatic swings in resin pricing. Despite WMS's margins facing meaningful pressure in FY22 from rapid resin inflation, we note margins down ~-630 bps y/y proved more resilient vs. what our analysis suggests (down ~-895 bps; based on resin pricing up ~+61% y/y).

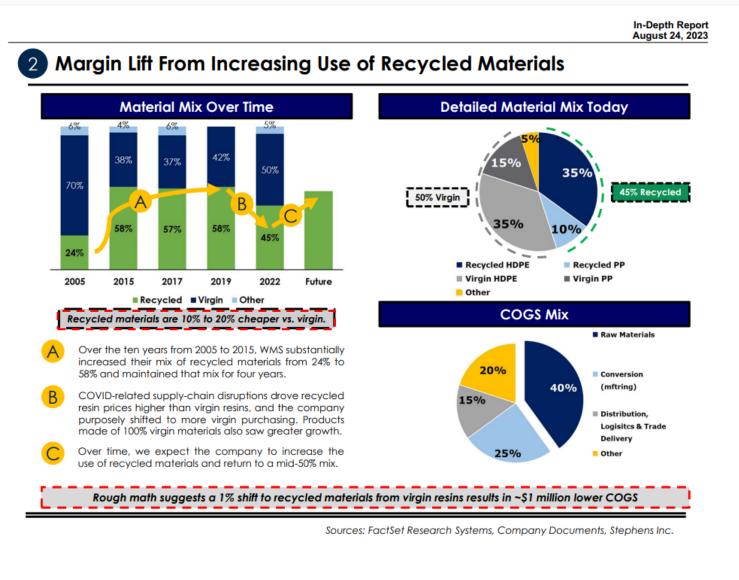


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Appendix: Investment Thesis #3 – Margin Expansion

Recycled Materials Offer Cost Advantages Compared to Virgin



Stephens Inc.

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Appendix: Investment Thesis #3 – Margin Expansion

Jet Polymer Acquisition Accelerates Recycling Capabilities

Advanced Drainage Systems Announces Acquisition of Jet Polymer Recycling

12/06/2021

Download

HILLIARD, Ohio--(BUSINESS WIRE)-- Advanced Drainage Systems, Inc. (NYSE: WMS) ("ADS" or the "Company"), a leading provider of innovative water management solutions in the stormwater and on-site septic wastewater industries, announced today the acquisition of Jet Polymer Recycling ("Jet"), a privately-owned recycling company located in the southeastern region of the United States.

"We are excited to welcome Jet to ADS," said Scott Barbour, President and CEO of ADS. "This acquisition advances our strategic priority to expand the ADS Recycling capabilities to support future growth, while also underpinning ADS' commitment to environmental sustainability. Through this transaction, we secure high-quality recycled plastic to leverage in the fast growing on-site septic wastewater business, as well as a platform to obtain additional high-density polyethylene in the southern region of the United States, which remains a key growth area for both ADS and Infiltrator."

Headquartered in Fort Payne, Alabama, Jet Polymer has three plastic recycling locations in Alabama and Georgia. Jet Polymer is currently the largest supplier of recycled polypropylene plastic for Infiltrator Water Technologies, a subsidiary of Advanced Drainage Systems.

About Advanced Drainage Systems

Advanced Drainage Systems is a leading provider of innovative water management solutions in the stormwater and on-site septic wastewater industries, providing superior drainage solutions for use in the construction and agriculture marketplace. For over 50 years, the Company has been manufacturing a variety of innovative and environmentally friendly alternatives to traditional materials. Its innovative products are used across a broad range of end markets and applications, including non-residential, residential, infrastructure and agriculture applications. The Company has established a leading position in many of these end markets by leveraging its national sales and distribution platform, overall product breadth and scale and manufacturing excellence. Founded in 1966, the Company operates a global network of approximately 60 manufacturing plants and 30 distribution centers. To learn more about ADS, please visit the Company's website at www.adspipe.com.



Appendix: Investment Thesis #3 – Value Based Pricing

Corrugated Plastic Pipe is Not a Commoditized Product Like PVC

Corrugated Plastic Pipe



- 1. Corrugation refers to the ridges along the length of the pipe
- 2. These ridges give the pipe additional strength and flexibility
- 3. Corrugated Pipes also vary based on Wall and Perforation. For example, double walled has two layers separated by a layer of insulation which increases the strength needed for stormwater applications
- 4. Perforations or "holes" can be added to allow water to naturally seep into the surrounding soil for drainage purposes
- These differentiations require a more advanced manufacturing process with more value added than a commodity

PVC Pipe

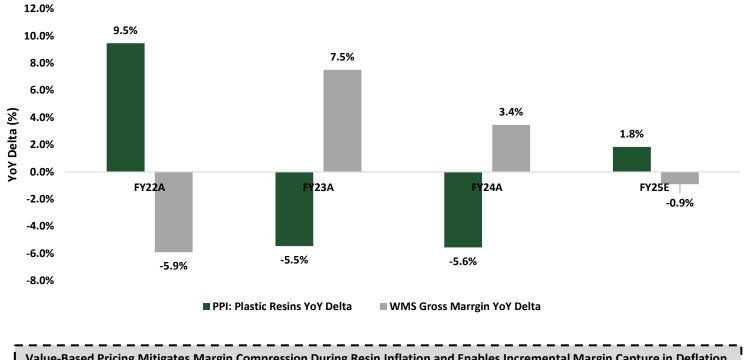


- 1. PVC pipe is standardized with no differentiation
- 2. These pipes are less flexible than corrugated pipe which makes them less ideal for stormwater management applications
- 3. The manufacturing process is relatively simple: (Prep, Mix, Extrude, Cool, Size, and Cut)
- 4. PVC manufacturers add little value beyond the molding and cutting of PVC resins
- 5. The lack of differentiation and advanced manufacturing makes PVC pipe a commoditized product



Appendix: Investment Thesis #3 – Value Based Pricing

Corrugated Plastic Pipe is Not a Commoditized Product Like PVC



WMS Margin Resilience vs. Plastic Resin Price Fluctuations

Value-Based Pricing Mitigates Margin Compression During Resin Inflation and Enables Incremental Margin Capture in Deflation, Underscoring WMS's Pricing Power

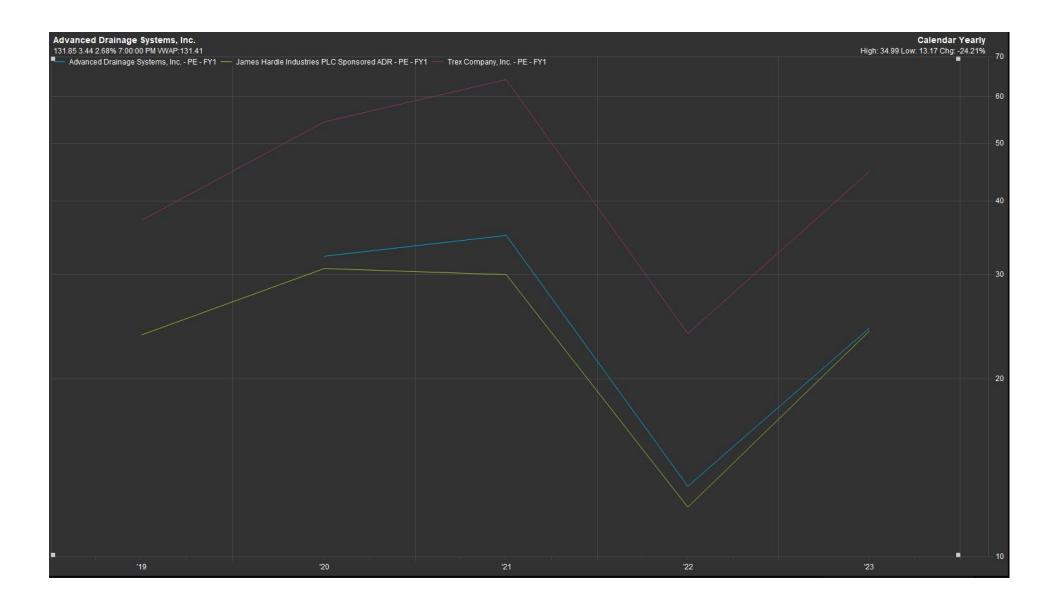


Material Conversion Comparables	Ticker	
James Hardie Industries	JHX	JHX manufactures fiber cement siding and backer board, offering durable, low -maintenance alternatives to traditional cement structures.
Trex Company, Inc.	TREX	Trex manufactures w ood-alternative decking and railing, replacing traditional w ood structures w ith products that resist rotting, w arping, and splintering.
AZEK Co.	AZEK	AZEK Co., Inc. manufactures outdoor living products, focusing on the use of recycled plastic and w ood to replace virgin materials.
Hayw ard Holdings, Inc.	HAYW	Hayw ard Holdings, Inc. designs, manufactures, and markets a wide range of pool equipment and automation systems, using industrial thermoplastic in its products.
Latham Group, Inc.	SWIM	Latham Group, Inc. designs, manufactures, and markets in-ground residential swimming pools using advanced engineered plastics.
Water Comparables	Ticker	
Xylem Inc.	XYL	Xylem, Inc. manufactures engineered water technologies, with its Water Infrastructure segment focused on the transportation, treatment, and testing of water.
Zurn Elkay Water Solutions Corporation	ZWS	Zurn Elkay Water Solutions Corp. engages in the design, procurement, manufacture, and sale of product focused water solutions.
Watts Water Technologies, Inc.	WTS	Watts Water Technologies, Inc. manufactures products for water conservation, safety, and flow control, offering solutions in flow control and drainage.
Mueller Water Products, Inc.	MWA	Mueller Water Products, Inc. engages in the manufacture and sale of products used in the transmission, distribution, and measurement of water.



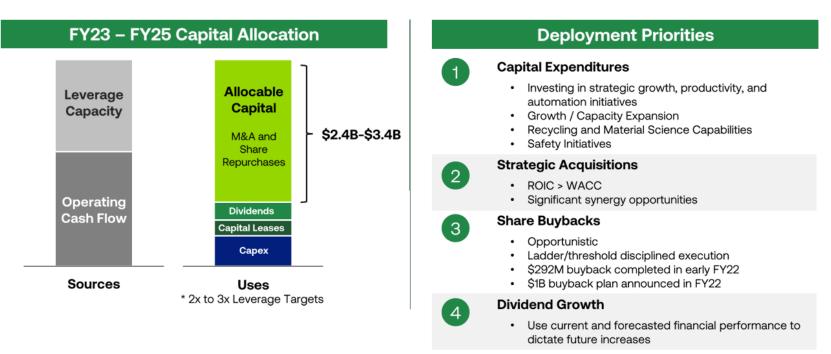
Valuation Comparable - P/E FY1 Trading History

WMS Historically Trades at a Forward Premium to JHX and Discount to TREX





\$2.4B to \$3.4B of Allocable Capital FY23 – FY25

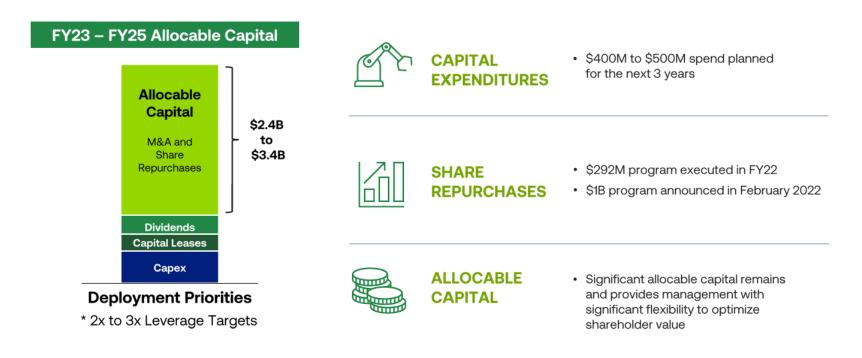




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Balanced and Disciplined Capital Allocation Strategy





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Focused Acquisition Strategy

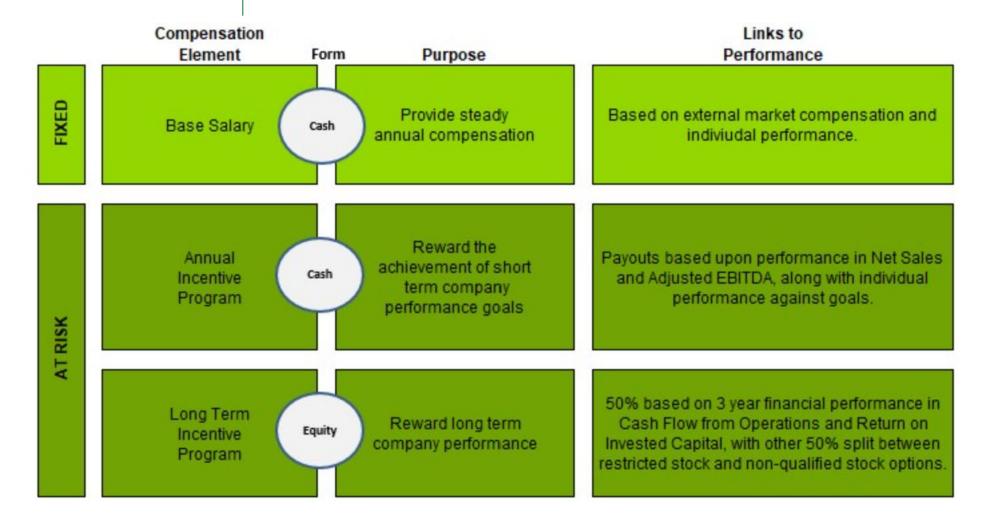
Dedicated Resources	Widening Aperture	Disciplined Process
 Increased Corporate Development function capabilities over the last 2 years Grown internal capabilities and resources Proactive approach to M&A and target identification Effective and cost-efficient mix of internal and external resources to manage integration and synergy capture Nimble when opportunities develop Portfolio of knowledge and perspective on likely targets 	 Continue to maintain a robust M&A Funnel Multiple sources of 'Target' identification beyond Corporate Development team (Sales & Marketing, Supply Chain, Advisors, etc.) Primary emphasis on Capture, Convey, Store and Treat components of ADS' core stormwater business North American focus Geographic expansion considered if attractive opportunities arise Will explore opportunities to expand on themes of water, sustainability and conversion 	 Well-defined measures of attractiveness and relatedness guide disciplined pursuit of M&A Quantitative and qualitative metrics for prioritization of deal flow Strong ability to extract significant synergies Target ROIC > WACC by year 3
//ADS.		127



Name/Title	Years at WMS/Industry	Experience
D. Scott Barbour / CEO	7/7	Joined in 2017; Former Product Engineer with 27+ years at Colt Industries and Emerson Electric
Scott Cotrill / CFO	9/9	Joined in 2015; Previously worked for other building materials companies like Jeld-Wen
Darin Harvey / SVP Supply Chian	6/6	Joined in 2018; Previous experience managing supply chains for oil & gas equipment
Brian King / SVP Product & Marketing	4 / 11	Joined in 2020; Previous experience with other building materials companies like Owen's Corning
Craig Taylor / SVP IWT	4 / 20	Joined in 2020; 25+ years of experience at Stanley Black and Decker and United Technologies
Thomas Waun / SVP Product Dev. and Material Science	2/2	Joined in 2022; 30 years of management experience at Emerson Electric and IBM



Management Incentives



Named Executive Officer	Annual Salary March 31, 2022	Annual Salary March 31, 2023	Annual Salary Increase (\$)	Annual Salary Increase (%)
D. Scott Barbour	\$900,000	\$930,000	\$30,000	3%
Scott A. Cottrill	\$550,000	\$565,000	\$15,000	3%
Roy E. Moore, Jr.	\$510,000	\$535,000	\$25,000	5%
Darin S. Harvey	\$425,000	\$438,000	\$13,000	3%
Kevin C. Talley	\$415,000	\$428,000	\$13,000	3%



Management Incentives Continued

Our established targets enhance the alignment of our pay-for-performance and stockholder alignment principles. The annual incentive targets for fiscal year 2023 as a percentage of salary are as follows:

Named Executive Officer	Target Incentive Opportunity (% of Base Salary)
D. Scott Barbour	118%
Scott A. Cottrill	85%
Roy E. Moore, Jr.	70%
Darin S. Harvey	70%
Kevin C. Talley	70%

Business Performance Levels in Annual Incentive Plan – Messrs. Barbour, Cottrill, Harvey & Talley

As reflected in the table below, threshold, target, and maximum performance levels were established based on the Committee's assessment of performance targets that appropriately drive and reward achievement of growth versus our prior year performance levels. The performance levels established for the non-individual metrics in the Plan for fiscal 2023 were as follows:

- Target performance levels, which earn a 100% payout, reflect a 16% improvement versus fiscal year 2022 actual results for Adjusted EBITDA and 21% for Net Sales.
- Threshold performance levels, which earn a 50% payout, reflect a 8% improvement over fiscal year 2022 actual results for Adjusted EBITDA and Net Sales.
- Maximum performance levels, which earn a 200% payout, reflect a 23% improvement versus fiscal year 2022 actual results for Adjusted EBITDA and 29% for Net Sales.

		Busine		(000 3)
Business Performance Measures	Measure Weighting	Threshold	Target	Max
Adjusted EBITDA	60%	\$730,000	\$820,105	\$870,000
Net Sales	20%	\$2,985,000	\$3,200,194	\$3,400,000
	Payout %'s	50%	100%	200%

Business Performance Levels – FY23 (000's

Business Performance Levels in Annual Incentive Plan – Mr. Moore

As reflected in the table below, threshold, target, and maximum performance levels were established for the Infiltrator Adjusted EBITDA metric based on national housing statistics provided by the U.S. Census Bureau and U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. While this relational incentive feature is unique to Infiltrator, the Committee believes this plan design, in place at the time of the acquisition, continues to reflect a key value driver for purposes of establishing annual cash incentive opportunity for Mr. Moore.

		Busine	ss Performance Levels – FY23	(000's)
Business Performance Measures	Measure Weighting	Threshold	Target	Max
Infiltrator EBITDA	70%			
Market Outcome 0% - 5%		\$207,500	\$233,000	\$247,000
Market Outcome 5% - 12%		\$218,000	\$245,000	\$260,000
Market Outcome > 12%		\$225,250	\$253,000	\$268,200
ADS Adjusted EBITDA	10%	\$730,000	\$820,105	\$870,000
	Payout %'s	50%	100%	200%



Advanced Drainage Systems - Income Statement

	 FY20	FY21		FY22	FY23		FY24	FY25	FY26	FY27		FY28		FY29
(\$ in thousands)	 Mar-20A	Mar-21A		Mar-22A	Mar-23A	Ν	Mar-24A	Mar-25E	Mar-26E	Mar-27E	I	/lar-28E	1	Mar-29E
Net sales	\$ 1,673,805	\$ 1,982,7	80 \$	\$ 2,769,315	\$ 3,071,121	\$	2,874,473	\$ 2,965,989	\$ 3,225,410	\$ 3,466,980	\$	3,687,782	\$	3,900,514
Cost of goods sold	(1,357,326)	(1,292,6	98)	(1,968,931)	(1,952,713)		(1,728,524)	(1,810,030)	(1,942,940)	(2,072,291)		(2,183,647)		(2,291,058)
Gross profit	 316,479	690,0	82	800,384	 1,118,408		1,145,949	 1,155,959	 1,282,470	 1,394,689		1,504,135		1,609,456
Selling, general and administrative	(349,480)	(267,5	74)	(321,094)	(339,504)		(370,714)	(385,579)	(419,303)	(422,972)		(446,222)		(468,062)
Loss / gain on disposal of assets or businesses	(5,338)	(4,2	75)	(3,398)	(4,397)		8,365	-	-	-		-		-
Intangible amortization	(57,010)	(73,7	08)	(63,974)	(55,197)		(51,469)	(51,550)	(50,905)	(49,420)		(47,191)		(44,499)
Income from operations	(95,349)	344,5	25	411,918	 719,310		732,131	718,830	812,262	 922,298		1,010,723		1,096,895
Interest expense	(82,711)	(35,6	58)	(33,550)	(70,182)		(88,862)	(87,945)	(87,191)	(72,798)		(46,641)		(34,508)
Interest income and other, net	(1,554)	3,4	04	5,143	7,972		23,484	14,705	16,517	22,568		21,735		23,616
Income before income taxes	(179,614)	312,2	71	383,511	657,100		666,753	645,591	741,588	872,067		985,816		1,086,004
Income tax expense	(14,092)	(86,3	82)	(110,071)	(150,589)		(158,998)	(148,486)	(170,565)	(200,576)		(226,738)		(249,781)
Equity in net income of unconsolidated affiliates	1,909	2	01	1,586	4,842		5,536	-	-	-		-		-
Net income	(191,797)	226,0	90	275,026	511,353		513,291	497,105	571,022	671,492		759,078		836,223
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(1,377)	(1,8	60)	(3,695)	(4,267)		(3,376)	(3,376)	(3,376)	(3,376)		(3,376)		(3,376)
Net income attributable to ADS	\$ (193,174)	\$ 224,2	30 \$	\$ 271,331	\$ 507,086	\$	509,915	\$ 493,729	\$ 567,646	\$ 668,116	\$	755,702	\$	832,847
GAAP Basic Earnings per Share	\$ (3.21)	\$ 2	64 \$	\$ 3.22	\$ 6.16	\$	6.52	\$ 6.42	\$ 7.40	\$ 8.75	\$	9.93	\$	10.98
Basic Weighted Average Shares	63,820	70,1	55	71,276	82,315		78,252	76,962	76,659	76,373		76,103		75,846
GAAP Diluted Earnings per Share	\$ (3.21)	\$ 2	59 5	\$ 3.15	\$ 6.08	\$	6.45	\$ 6.35	\$ 7.33	\$ 8.66	\$	9.83	\$	10.87
Diluted Weighted Average Shares	63,820	71,5	66	72,911	83,336		79,017	77,727	77,424	77,138		76,868		76,611
Adjusted Diluted Earnings per Share	\$ (3.03)	\$ 3.	13 \$	\$ 3.72	\$ 6.16	\$	6.39	\$ 6.35	\$ 7.33	\$ 8.66	\$	9.83	\$	10.87
Diluted Weighted Average Shares	63,820	71,5	66	72,911	83,336		79,017	77,727	77,424	77,138		76,868		76,611
Dividend per Share	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.	36 \$	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.48	\$	0.56	\$ 0.64	\$ 0.72	\$ 0.80	\$	0.88	\$	0.96
Model Assumptions														
Sales Grow th		18.5	5%	39.7%	10.9%		(6.4%)	3.2%	8.7%	7.5%		6.4%		5.8%
Selling, general and administrative as a % of Sales	20.9%	13.		11.6%	11.1%		12.9%	13.0%	13.0%	12.2%		12.1%		12.0%
Total Operating Expenses as a % of Sales	24.3%	17.3	2%	13.9%	12.9%		14.7%	14.7%	14.6%	13.6%		13.4%		13.1%
Depreciation & Amortization Expense as a % of Sales	4.1%	3.0	5%	2.8%	2.9%		3.6%	5.8%	5.4%	5.1%		4.7%		4.4%
Interest income and other, net	(0.1%)	0.2	2%	0.2%	0.3%		0.8%	0.5%	0.5%	0.7%		0.6%		0.6%
Intangible amortization as a % Total D&A	45.6%	50.6	5%	45.1%	38.0%		33.2%	30.2%	29.2%	28.2%		27.2%		26.2%
Effective tax rate	(7.8%)	27.3	7%	28.7%	22.9%		23.8%	23.0%	23.0%	23.0%		23.0%		23.0%
Key Performance Metrics														
Gross Margin	18.9%	34.8	3%	28.9%	36.4%		39.9%	39.0%	39.8%	40.2%		40.8%		41.3%
Adjusted EBITDA margin	21.6%	28.	5%	24.4%	29.4%		32.1%	30.9%	34.2%	35.0%		35.0%		35.2%
EBITDA margin	1.8%	24.9	9%	20.2%	28.6%		31.9%	30.5%	33.8%	34.7%		34.8%		35.0%
EBIT margin	(5.7%)	17.	6%	15.1%	23.8%		26.5%	24.7%	27.9%	29.3%		29.8%		30.4%
Pre-Tax Margin	(10.7%)	15.	7%	13.8%	21.4%		23.2%	21.8%	23.0%	25.2%		26.7%		27.8%
Adjusted Net margin	(11.5%)	11.	3%	9.8%	16.7%		17.6%	16.6%	17.6%	19.3%		20.5%		21.4%
Net Margin	(11.5%)	11.3	3%	9.8%	16.5%		17.7%	16.6%	17.6%	19.3%		20.5%		21.4%
ROIC	(13.4%)	9.0	5%	11.6%	23.2%		20.7%	18.5%	18.8%	20.1%		21.3%		20.6%
	()	0.1												
ROE	(26.5%)	20.)%	21.4%	49.1%		45.5%	35.2%	32.2%	29.4%		26.3%		23.5%



Advanced Drainage Systems - Balance Sheet

	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29
(\$ in thousands)	Mar-20A	Mar-21A	Mar-22A	Mar-23A	Mar-24A	Mar-25E	Mar-26E	Mar-27E	Mar-28E	Mar-29E
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 174,233	\$ 195,009	\$ 20,125	\$ 217,128	\$ 490,163	\$ 550,560	\$ 902,711	\$ 965,988	\$ 1,180,820	\$ 1,830,619
Accounts receivable	200,028	236,191	341,753	306,945	323,576	333,424	360,377	384,994	406,987	427,793
Inventories	282,398	300,961	494,324	463,994	464,200	476,670	510,341	542,898	570,575	597,072
Other Current Assets	9,552	10,817	15,696	29,422	22,028	22,028	22,028	22,028	22,028	22,028
Total current assets	666,211	742,978	871,898	1,017,489	1,299,967	1,382,682	1,795,457	1,915,907	2,180,410	2,877,512
Net Property, Plant & Equipment	513,000	542,527	673,966	783,812	930,158	1,111,163	1,222,896	1,322,233	1,411,098	1,485,925
Intangible assets, net	1,164,202	1,092,258	1,041,678	1,027,820	969,835	918,285	867,381	817,961	770,770	726,271
Other Assets	47,589	60,639	93,628	109,045	114,083	114,083	114,083	114,083	114,083	114,083
Total Assets	\$ 2,391,002	\$ 2,438,402	\$ 2,681,170	\$ 2,938,166	\$ 3,314,043	\$ 3,526,213	\$ 3,999,817	\$ 4,170,184	\$ 4,476,361	\$ 5,203,791
Liabilities & Shareholders' Equity										
Accounts payable	\$ 106,710	\$ 171,098	\$ 224,986	\$ 210,111	\$ 254,401	231,082	249,381	267,402	283,267	298,770
Current portion of long-term debt	7,955	7,000	19,451	14,693	11,870	11,870	11,870	11,870	11,870	11,870
Other Current Liabilities	123,548	140,172	146,804	153,998	173,351	173,351	173,351	173,351	173,351	173,351
Total current liabilities	238,213	318,270	391,241	378,802	439,622	416,303	434,602	452,623	468,488	483,991
Long-term debt	1,089,368	782,220	908.705	1,269,391	1,259,522	1,247,652	1,237,679	830,243	479.120	478,371
Lease Obligations	61,674	55,357	52,425	69,337	100,732	100,732	100,732	100,732	100,732	100,732
Other long-term liabilities	217,165	219,129	223,754	225,776	233,468	233,468	233,468	233,468	233,468	233,468
Total Liabilities	1,606,420	1,374,976	1,576,125	1,943,306	2,033,344	1,998,155	2,006,481	1,617,066	1,281,808	1,296,562
Redeemable common stock	269,529	240,944	195,384	153,220	108,584	108,584	108,584	108,584	108,584	108,584
Common stock	11,555	11,578	11,612	11,647	11,679	11,679	11,679	11,679	11,679	11,679
Treasury stock	(10,461)	(10,959)	(318,691)	(920,999)	(1,140,578)	(1,340,578)	(1,390,578)	(1,440,578)	(1,490,578)	(1,540,578
Additional paid-in capital	827,573	918,587	1,065,628	1,134,864	1,219,834	1,219,834	1,219,834	1,219,834	1,219,834	1,219,834
Retained earnings	(267,619)	(75,202)	158,876	626,215	1,092,208	1,539,568	2,054,845	2,664,627	3,356,062	4,118,738
Other	(45,995)	(21,522)	(7,764)	(10,087)	(11,028)	(11,028)	(11,028)	(11,028)	(11,028)	(11,028
Total Shareholders' Equity	784,582	1,063,426	1,105,045	994,860	1,280,699	1,528,059	1,993,336	2,553,118	3,194,553	3,907,229
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$ 2,391,002	\$ 2,438,402	\$ 2,681,170	\$ 2,938,166	\$ 3,314,043	\$ 3,526,213	\$ 3,999,817	\$ 4,170,184	\$ 4,476,361	\$ 5,203,791
Check	Balances	Balances	Balances	Balances	Balances	Balances	Balances	Balances	Balances	Balances
Model Assumptions										
Days Sales Outstanding (DSO)	42 Days	40 Days	38 Days	39 Days	40 Days	41 Days	41 Days	41 Days	40 Days	40 Day
Days Inventory Outstanding (DIO)	80 Days	78 Days	71 Days	87 Days	95 Days	96 Days	96 Days	96 Days	95 Days	95 Day
Days Payable Outstanding (DPO)	29 Days	37 Days	32 Days	40 Days	48 Days	47 Days	47 Days	47 Days	47 Days	48 Day
Cash Conversion	93 Days	81 Days	77 Days	85 Days	88 Days	91 Days	90 Days	89 Days	88 Days	88 Day
Accounts receivable, net	200,028	236,191	341,753	306,945	323,576	333,424	360,377	384,994	406,987	427,793
Inventories, net	282,398	300,961	494,324	463,994	464,200	476,670	510,341	542,898	570,575	597,072
Accounts payable	(106,710)	(171,098)	(224,986)	(210,111)	(254,401)	(231,082)	(249,381)	(267,402)	(283,267)	(298,770
Working Capital	375,716	366,054	611,091	560,828	533,375	579,012	621,338	660,489	694,295	726,094
Working Capital as a % of Sales	22.4%	18.5%	22.1%	18.3%	18.6%	19.5%	19.3%	19.1%	18.8%	18.69
CAPEX as % of PY Sales		4.7%	7.5%	6.0%	6.0%	8.7%	7.9%	7.0%	6.2%	5.49
		15.4%	27.5%	24.8%	23.5%	26.9%	21.1%	18.4%	16.3%	14.29
CAPEX as % of PY PP&E, net				21.5%	19.8%	18.3%	15.7%	14.3%	13.1%	12.09
CAPEX as % of PY PP&E, net D&A as % of PY PP&E, net		28.4%	26.1%	21.070						
	-	28.4%	26.1% 292,000	575,027	207,308	200,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
D&A as % of PY PP&E, net	-	28.4%				200,000 155	50,000 165	50,000 175	50,000 185	50,000 195
D&A as % of PY PP&E, net Repurchase Amount	-	28.4%		575,027						
D&A as % of PY PP&E, net Repurchase Amount Repurchase Price Assumption	-	28.4%		575,027 \$94	\$115	155	165	175	185	195
D&A as % of PY PP&E, net Repurchase Amount Repurchase Price Assumption Shares Repurchase (M)	- 2.8x	28.4% - 2.3x		575,027 \$94	\$115 1,800	155	165	175 286	185	195
D&A as % of PY PP&E, net Repurchase Amount Repurchase Price Assumption Shares Repurchase (M) Key Performance Metrics	- 2.8x 1.6x	-	292,000	575,027 \$94 6,100 2.7x	\$115 1,800 3.0x	155 1,290	165 303	175 286 4.2x	185 270	195 256



Advanced Drainage Systems - Cash Flow Statement

		FY20		FY21		FY22		FY23		FY24		FY25		FY26		FY27		FY28	_	FY29
(\$ in thousands)		Mar-20A		Mar-21A		Aar-22A		Mar-23A		Mar-24A		Mar-25E		Mar-26E		Mar-27E		Mar-28E		Mar-29E
Operating Activities																				
Net income	\$	(191,797)	\$	226,090	\$	275,026	\$	511,353	\$	513,291	\$	497,105	\$	571,022	\$	671,492	\$	759,078	\$	836,223
Depreciation		67,930		71,878		77,834		89,952		103,434		118,995		123,268		125,663		126,135		125,173
Amortization		57,010		73,708		63,974		55,197		51,469		51,550		50,905		49,420		47,191		44,499
Other Non-Cash Charges		319,131		59,828		99,292		17,930		23,574		-		-		-		-		-
Changes in Working Capital		53,915		20,712		(241,238)		33,378		26,160		(45,637)		(42,326)		(39,151)		(33,806)		(31,800
Cash Flow from Operating Activities	\$	306,189	\$	452,216	\$	274,888	\$	707,810	\$	717,928	\$	622,012	\$	702,869	\$	807,424	\$	898,598	\$	974,095
Investing Activities																				
Capital Expenditures	\$	(67,677)	\$	(78,757)	\$	(149,083)	\$	(166,913)	\$	(183,812)	\$	(250,000)	\$	(235,000)	\$	(225,000)	\$	(215,000)	\$	(200,000
Acquisitions		(1,089,322)		-		(49,309)		(48,010)		-		(50,000)		-		-		-		· .
Sale of Fixed Assets & Businesses		-		-		-		-		27,498		-		-		-		-		-
Other		6,529		883		(441)		446		650		-		-		-		-		-
Cash Flow from Investing Activities	\$	(1,150,470)	\$	(77,874)	\$	(198,833)	\$	(214,477)	\$	(155,664)	\$	(300,000)	\$	(235,000)	\$	(225,000)	\$	(215,000)	\$	(200,000
Free Cash Flow	\$	238,512	\$	373,459	\$	125,805	\$	540,897	\$	534,116	\$	372,012	\$	467,869	\$	582,424	\$	683,598	\$	774,095
Financing Activities																				
Common Dividends	\$	(92,127)	\$	(32,155)	\$	(38,494)	\$	(39,612)	\$	(43,995)	\$	(49,745)	\$	(55,745)	\$	(61,710)	\$	(67,644)	\$	(73,547
Sale of Common & Preferred Stock		301,811		7,553		4,574		5,700		6,454		-		-		-		-		-
Repurchase of Common Stock		-		-		(292,000)		(575,027)		(207,308)		(200,000)		(50,000)		(50,000)		(50,000)		(50,000
Issuance/Reduction of Debt, Net		802,125		(328,491)		88,101		346,907		(26,883)		(11,870)		(9,973)		(407,436)		(351,123)		(749
Other		(237)		(1,490)		(13,249)		(34,246)		(12,611)		-		-		-		-		-
Cash Flow from Financing Activities	\$	1,011,572	\$	(354,583)	\$	(251,068)	\$	(296,278)	\$	(284,343)	\$	(261,615)	\$	(115,718)	\$	(519,146)	\$	(468,767)	\$	(124,296
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period		8,891		174,233		195,009		20,125		217,128		490,163		550,560		902,711		965,988		1,180,820
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents		(1,949)		1,017		129		(52)		799		-		-		-		-		-
Net Change in Cash		165,342		20,776		(174,884)		197,003		278,720		60,397		352,151		63,277		214,832		649,800
Less: Restricted Cash		-		-		-		-		(5,685)		-		-		-		-		-
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	174,233	\$	195,009	\$	20,125	\$	217,128	\$	490,163	\$	550,560	\$	902,711	\$	965,988	\$	1,180,820	\$	1,830,619
Check	Re	econciles	Re	conciles	Re	conciles	Re	econciles	R	econciles	Re	conciles	Re	econciles	Re	econciles	Re	conciles	Re	conciles
Free Cash Flow Breakdown																				
ЕВП	\$	(94,994)	\$	348,130	\$	418,647	\$	732,124	\$	761,151	\$	733,535	\$	828,779	\$	944,866	\$	1,032,457	\$	1,120,512
(+) Taxes		7,453		(96,302)		(120,155)		(167,782)		(181,509)		(168,713)		(190,619)		(217,319)		(237,465)		(257,718
NOPAT		(87,541)		251,828		298,492		564,342		579,642		564,822		638,160		727,547		794,992		862,794
(+) Depreciation and Amortization		124,940		145,586		141,808		145,149		154,903		170,544		174,172		175,082		173,326		169,672
(+) Change in Working Capital		53,915		20,712		(241,238)		33,378		26,160		(45,637)		(42,326)		(39,151)		(33,806)		(31,800
(+) Other Non-Cash Charges		319,131		59,828		99,292		17,930		23,574		-		-		-		-		-
(+) Capital Expenditures		(67,677)		(78,757)		(149,083)		(166,913)		(183,812)		(250,000)		(235,000)		(225,000)		(215,000)		(200,000
Unlevered Free Cash Flow	\$	342,768	\$	399,197	\$	149,271	\$	593,886	\$	600,467	\$	439,729	\$	535,006	\$	638,478	\$	719,512	\$	800,667
(+) Net Borrowings		802,125		(328,491)		88,101		346,907		(26,883)		(11,870)		(9,973)		(407,436)		(351,123)		(749
Levered Free Cash Flow	\$	1,144,893	\$	70,706	\$	237,372	\$	940,793	\$	573,584	\$	427,859	\$	525,033	\$	231,042	\$	368,389	\$	799,918
FCFF / Sales		20.5%		20.1%		5.4%		19.3%		20.9%		14.8%		16.6%		18.4%		19.5%		20.5%
FCFE / Sales		68.4%		3.6%		8.6%		30.6%		20.0%		14.4%		16.3%		6.7%		10.0%		20.5%



Revenue Build

Advanced Drainage Systems - Revenue Build

		FY20		FY21		FY22	F	FY23		FY24	FY25	FY2	26	FY27	F	Y28		FY29
(\$ in thousands)	I	/lar-20A	N	Mar-21A	N	Mar-22A	Ma	ar-23A	1	Mar-24A	Mar-25E	Mar-	26E	Mar-27E	Ма	r-28E	М	ar-29E
Consolidated Segment Results																		
Pipe	\$	954,633	\$	1,059,200	\$	1,555,248	\$	1,758,961	\$	1,586,618	\$ 1,586,618 \$	1,6	97,681	\$ 1,792,751 \$	1	,886,871	5	1,981,214
Infiltrator		211,005		397,813		551,906		523,643		531,236	610,921	7	02,560	786,867		857,685		917,723
International		148,581		164,858		224,742		239,068		222,002	226,442	2	230,971	235,590		240,302		245,108
Allied Products & Other		403,273		442,447		569,352		700,319		684,329	698,112	7	63,957	824,666		886,829		950,983
Intersegment Eliminations		(43,687)		(81,538)		(131,933)		(150,870)		(149,712)	(156,105)	(1	69,758)	(172,894)		(183,905)		(194,514)
Total Consolidated Sales	\$	1,673,805	\$	1,982,780	\$	2,769,315	\$ 3	3,071,121	\$	2,874,473	\$ 2,965,989 \$	3,2	25,410	\$ 3,466,980 \$	3	,687,782	5	3,900,514
% of Consolidated Net Sales																		
Pipe		57.0%		53.4%		56.2%		57.3%		55.2%	53.5%		52.6%	51.7%		51.2%		50.8%
Infiltrator		12.6%		20.1%		19.9%		17.1%		18.5%	20.6%		21.8%	22.7%		23.3%		23.5%
International		8.9%		8.3%		8.1%		7.8%		7.7%	7.6%		7.2%	6.8%		6.5%		6.3%
Allied Products & Other		24.1%		22.3%		20.6%		22.8%		23.8%	23.5%		23.7%	23.8%		24.0%		24.4%
Intersegment Eliminations		(2.6%)		(4.1%)		(4.8%)		(4.9%)		(5.2%)	(5.3%)		(5.3%)	(5.0%)		(5.0%)		(5.0%)
YoY Growth %										_				 				
Ріре				11.0%		46.8%		13.1%		(9.8%)	0.0%		7.0%	5.6%		5.3%		5.0%
Infiltrator				88.5%		38.7%		(5.1%)		1.5%	15.0%		15.0%	12.0%		9.0%		7.0%
International				11.0%		36.3%		6.4%		(7.1%)	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%		2.0%
Allied Products & Other				9.7%		28.7%		23.0%		(2.3%)	 2.0%		9.4%	 7.9%		7.5%		7.2%
Total Consolidated				18.5%		39.7%		10.9%		(6.4%)	3.2%		8.7%	7.5%		6.4%		5.8%
Pipe Segment Build																		
U.S. Total Investment in Stormwater Infrastructure									\$	14,514,554	\$ 14,590,298 \$	15,2	17,680	\$ 15,872,041 \$	16	,554,538	5 1	7,266,383
Allocation for Stormwater Pipe Infrastructure										70.0%	 70.0%		70.0%	 70.0%		70.0%		70.0%
Total Investment in U.S. Stormwater Pipe Systems									\$	10,160,188	\$ 10,213,208 \$	10,6	52,376	\$ 11,110,428 \$	11	,588,177	5 1	2,086,468
Market Share of Plastic Stormw ater Pipes (HDPE & PP)										40.0%	40.2%		40.4%	40.6%		40.8%		41.0%
Investment Allocation in Plastic Stormwater Pipes									\$	4,064,075	\$ 4,105,710 \$	4,3	803,560	\$ 4,510,834 \$	4	,727,976	5	4,955,452
WMS Market Capture in Plastic Pipe Sector										39.0%	38.6%		39.4%	39.7%		39.9%		40.0%
WMS Plastic Pipe Revenue									\$	1,586,618	\$ 1,586,618 \$	1,6	97,681	\$ 1,792,751 \$	1	,886,871	5	1,981,214
Infiltrator Segment Build																		
Total U.S. Septic System Market									\$	5,300,000	\$ 5,618,000 \$	5,9	955,080	\$ 6,312,385 \$	6	,691,128 \$	5	7,092,596
Percentage of Septic Market Comprising Plastic Systems										43.0%	 43.3%		43.5%	 43.8%		44.0%		44.3%
U.S. Market for Plastic Septic Systems									\$	2,279,000	\$ 2,429,785 \$	2,5	90,460	\$ 2,761,668 \$	2	,944,096	;	3,138,474
WMS Market Capture in Plastic Septic Systems										23.3%	25.1%		27.1%	28.5%		29.1%		29.2%
WMS Infiltrator Revenue									\$	531,236	\$ 610,921 \$	7	02,560	\$ 786,867 \$		857,685	;	917,723
Allied Products & Other Segment Build																		
Allied Products & Other	\$	403,273	\$	442,447	\$	569,352	\$	700,319	\$	684,329	\$ 698,112 \$	7	63,957	\$ 824,666 \$		886,829	5	950,983
Pipe		954,633		1,059,200		1,555,248		1,758,961		1,586,618	 1,586,618	1,6	687,681	 1,792,751	1	,886,871		1,981,214
Allied Products & Other as a % of Pipe		42.2%		41.8%		36.6%		39.8%		43.1%	44.0%		45.0%	46.0%		47.0%		48.0%



Advanced Drainage Systems - Margin Analysis

		FY20		FY21		FY22		FY23		FY24		FY25		FY26		FY27		FY28		FY29
(\$ in thousands)		Mar-20A	Ма	ar-21A	1	Mar-22A	1	Mar-23A	I	Mar-24A		Mar-25E		Mar-26E		Mar-27E	1	Mar-28E		Mar-29E
Consolidated Gross Margin Build																				
Pipe	\$	954,633	\$ 1	1,059,200	\$	1,555,248	\$	1,758,961	\$	1,586,618	\$	1,586,618	\$	1,697,681	\$	1,792,751	\$	1,886,871	\$	1,981,214
Infiltrator		211,005		397,813		551,906		523,643		531,236		610,921		702,560		786,867		857,685		917,723
International		148,581		164,858		224,742		239,068		222,002		226,442		230,971		235,590		240,302		245,108
Allied Products & Other		403,273		442,447		569,352		700,319		684,329		698,112		763,957		824,666		886,829		950,983
Intersegment Eliminations		(43,687)		(81,538)		(131,933)		(150,870)		(149,712)		(156,105)		(169,758)		(172,894)		(183,905)		(194,514
Total Consolidated Revenue	\$	1,673,805	\$ 1	,982,780	\$	2,769,315	\$	3,071,121	\$	2,874,473	\$	2,965,989	\$	3,225,410	\$	3,466,980	\$	3,687,782	\$	3,900,514
Pipe	\$	239,531	\$	322,846	\$	353,182	\$	532,551	\$	515,444	\$	468,052	\$	504,211	\$	534,240	\$	564,174	\$	594,364
Infiltrator		98,245		191,163		231,825		233,580		281,677		336,007		388,515		435,924		476,015		510,254
International		36,999		49,921		58,822		61,681		62,578		64,536		65,827		67,143		68,486		69,856
Allied Products & Other		201,206		225,052		284,091		376,299		391,766		394,433		433,163		468,410		504,606		542,060
Intersegment Eliminations		(1,895)		(503)		(28)		924		(4,557)		-		-		-		-		-
Total Segment Adjusted Gross Profit	\$		\$	788,479	\$	927,892	\$		\$	1,246,908	\$	1,263,028	\$	1,391,717	\$	1,505,717	\$	1,613,281	\$	1,716,534
(-) Depreciation and amortization		(62,225)		(66,408)		(71,705)		(84,048)		(96,251)		(102,362)		(104,539)		(106,320)		(104,438)		(102,370
(-) ESOP and stock-based compensation expense		(14,319)		(31,792)		(36,622)		(2,579)		(4,708)		(4,708)		(4,708)		(4,708)		(4,708)		(4,708
(-) ESOP acceleration compensation		(168,610)		-		(19,181)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
(-) Other		(12,453)		(197)		-		-		-				-				-		-
Consolidated GAAP Gross Profit	\$	316,479	\$	690,082	\$	800,384	\$	1,118,408	\$	1,145,949	\$	1,155,959	\$	1,282,470	\$	1,394,689	\$	1,504,135	\$	1,609,456
Pipe Gross Margin		25.1%		30.5%		22.7%		30.3%		32.5%		29.5%		29.7%		29.8%		29.9%		30.0%
Infiltrator Gross Margin		46.6%		48.1%		42.0%		44.6%		53.0%		55.0%		55.3%		55.4%		55.5%		55.6%
International Gross Margin		24.9%		30.3%		26.2%		25.8%		28.2%		28.5%		28.5%		28.5%		28.5%		28.5%
Allied Products & Other Gross Margin		49.9%		50.9%		49.9%		53.7%		57.2%		56.5%		56.7%		56.8%		56.9%		57.0%
Total Segment Adjusted Gross Margin		34.3%		39.8%		33.5%		39.2%		43.4%		42.6%		43.1%		43.4%		43.7%		44.0%
Consolidated GAAP Gross Margin		18.9%		34.8%		28.9%		36.4%		39.9%		39.0%		39.8%		40.2%		40.8%		41.3%
Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA Build																				
Consolidated Net income	\$	(191,797)	\$	226,090	\$	275,026	\$	511,353	\$	513,291	\$	497,105	\$	571,022	\$	671,492	\$	759,078	\$	836,223
(+) Interest expense	Ŷ	82,711	Ŷ	35,658	Ŷ	33,550	Ť	70,182	Ŷ	88,862	Ť	87,945	Ŷ	87,191	Ŷ	72,798	Ŷ	46,641	Ŷ	34,508
(+) Income tax expense		14,092		86,382		110,071		150,589		158,998		148,486		170,565		200,576		226,738		249,781
EBIT	\$	(94,994)	\$	348,130	\$	418,647	\$	732,124	\$	761,151	\$	733,535	\$	828,779	\$		\$	1,032,457	\$	1,120,512
(+) Depreciation & Amortization Expense	÷	124,940	•	145,586	•	141,808	Ť	145,149	•	154,903	Ť	170,544	Ť	174,172	Ŧ	175,082	•	173,326	•	169,672
EBITDA	\$	29,946	\$	493,716	\$	560,455	¢	877,273	\$	916,054	\$	904,080	\$	1,002,951	\$		\$	1,205,783	\$	1,290,184
				,				- , -	•	,			·			-	·	-	·	-
(+) (Gain) loss on disposal of assets and costs from exits		_0,0.0	•	4.275		,	φ	4.397		(8.365)		-						31,000		32,000
 (+) (Gain) loss on disposal of assets and costs from exits (+) Stock-based compensation expense 		_0,010	·	4,275 65.434		3,398	φ	4,397 21.659		(8,365) 31,986		- 28.000		29.000		30.000				
		20,010	Ţ	65,434		3,398 24,158	φ	21,659		31,986		- 28,000 -		29,000		30,000		- 31,000		_
(+) Stock-based compensation expense			·			3,398 24,158 3,539	Ψ	21,659 3,903		31,986 3,444		-		-		-		-		- (23.616
(+) Stock-based compensation expense(+) Transaction costs			•	65,434 1,415 -		3,398 24,158 3,539 (52)	Ŷ	21,659 3,903 (9,782)		31,986 3,444 (22,047)		28,000 - (14,705)		29,000 - (16,517)		30,000 - (22,568) -		(21,735)		- (23,616 -
 (+) Stock-based compensation expense (+) Transaction costs (+) Interest income 	\$	361,868		65,434	\$	3,398 24,158 3,539	-	21,659 3,903		31,986 3,444 (22,047) 1,875	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- (22,568) -	\$	- (21,735) -	\$	-
 (+) Stock-based compensation expense (+) Transaction costs (+) Interest income (+) Other adjustments Adjusted EBITDA 	\$	361,868		65,434 1,415 - 2,115 566,955	\$	3,398 24,158 3,539 (52) 84,544 676,042	-	21,659 3,903 (9,782) 6,512 903,962	\$	31,986 3,444 (22,047) <u>1,875</u> 922,947	\$	- (14,705) - 917,375	\$	- (16,517) - 1,015,434	\$	- (22,568) - 1,127,380	\$	- (21,735) - 1,215,048	\$	1,298,568
(+) Stock-based compensation expense (+) Transaction costs (+) Interest income (+) Other adjustments Adjusted EBITDA EBIT Margin	\$	361,868 (5.7%)		65,434 1,415 - 2,115 566,955 17.6%	\$	3,398 24,158 3,539 (52) 84,544 676,042 15.1%	-	21,659 3,903 (9,782) 6,512 903,962 23.8%	\$	31,986 3,444 (22,047) <u>1,875</u> 922,947 26.5%	\$	- (14,705) - 917,375 24.7%	\$	- (16,517) - 1,015,434 27.9%	\$	- (22,568) - 1,127,380 29.3%	\$	- (21,735) - 1,215,048 29.8%	\$	- 1,298,568 30.4%
 (+) Stock-based compensation expense (+) Transaction costs (+) Interest income (+) Other adjustments Adjusted EBITDA 	\$	361,868		65,434 1,415 - 2,115 566,955	\$	3,398 24,158 3,539 (52) 84,544 676,042	-	21,659 3,903 (9,782) 6,512 903,962	\$	31,986 3,444 (22,047) <u>1,875</u> 922,947	\$	- (14,705) - 917,375	\$	- (16,517) - 1,015,434	\$	- (22,568) - 1,127,380	\$	- (21,735) - 1,215,048	\$	1,298,568 30.4% 35.0%
(+) Stock-based compensation expense (+) Transaction costs (+) Interest income (+) Other adjustments Adjusted EBITDA EBIT Margin EBITDA Margin	\$	361,868 (5.7%) 1.8%		65,434 1,415 - 2,115 566,955 17.6% 24.9%	\$	3,398 24,158 3,539 (52) 84,544 676,042 15,1% 20.2%	-	21,659 3,903 (9,782) 6,512 903,962 23.8% 28.6%	\$	31,986 3,444 (22,047) 1,875 922,947 26.5% 31.9%	\$	- (14,705) - 917,375 24.7% 30.5%	\$	- (16,517) - 1,015,434 27.9% 33.8%	\$	- (22,568) - 1,127,380 29.3% 34.7%	\$	- (21,735) - 1,215,048 29.8% 34.8%	\$	- 1,298,568 30.4% 35.0%
 (+) Stock-based compensation expense (+) Transaction costs (+) Interest income (+) Other adjustments Adjusted EBITDA EBIT Margin EBITDA Margin Adjusted EBITDA Margin Consolidated Adjusted Net Income Build 		361,868 (5.7%) 1.8% 21.6%	\$	65,434 1,415 2,115 566,955 17.6% 24.9% 28.6%	·	3,398 24,158 3,539 (52) 84,544 676,042 15.1% 20.2% 24.4%	\$	21,659 3,903 (9,782) 6,512 903,962 23.8% 28.6% 29.4%	\$	31,986 3,444 (22,047) 1,875 922,947 26.5% 31.9% 32.1%	•	- (14,705) - 917,375 24.7% 30.5% 30.9%		- (16,517) - 1,015,434 27.9% 33.8% 34.2%		- (22,568) - 1,127,380 29.3% 34.7% 35.0%		(21,735) - 1,215,048 29.8% 34.8% 35.0%	·	- 1,298,568 30.4% 35.0% 35.2%
(+) Stock-based compensation expense (+) Transaction costs (+) Interest income (+) Other adjustments Adjusted EBITDA EBIT Margin BITDA Margin Consolidated Adjusted Net Income Build Net income attributable to common shareow ners	\$	361,868 (5.7%) 1.8%	\$	65,434 1,415 - 2,115 566,955 17.6% 24.9%	·	3,398 24,158 3,539 (52) 84,544 676,042 15,1% 20.2%	\$	21,659 3,903 (9,782) 6,512 903,962 23.8% 28.6% 29.4% 507,086	\$	31,986 3,444 (22,047) 1,875 922,947 26.5% 31.9% 32.1% 509,915	•	- (14,705) - 917,375 24.7% 30.5%		- (16,517) - 1,015,434 27.9% 33.8%		- (22,568) - 1,127,380 29.3% 34.7%		- (21,735) - 1,215,048 29.8% 34.8%	·	- (23,616) - 1,298,568 30.4% 35.0% 35.2% 832,847
 (+) Stock-based compensation expense (+) Transaction costs (+) Interest income (+) Other adjustments Adjusted EBITDA EBIT Margin EBITDA Margin Adjusted EBITDA Margin Consolidated Adjusted Net Income Build 	\$	361,868 (5.7%) 1.8% 21.6% (193,174)	\$ \$	65,434 1,415 2,115 566,955 17.6% 24.9% 28.6% 224,230	·	3,398 24,158 3,539 (52) 84,544 676,042 15.1% 20.2% 24.4% 271,331	\$	21,659 3,903 (9,782) 6,512 903,962 23.8% 28.6% 29.4% 507,086 6,667	\$	31,986 3,444 (22,047) 1,875 922,947 26.5% 31.9% 32.1% 509,915 (4,741)	\$	- (14,705) - 917,375 24.7% 30.5% 30.9% 493,729 -	\$	- (16,517) - 1,015,434 27.9% 33.8% 34.2% 567,646 -	\$	(22,568) - 1,127,380 29.3% 34.7% 35.0% 668,116 -	\$	(21,735) (21,735) (1,215,048 29.8% 34.8% 35.0% 755,702 -	\$	1,298,568 30.4% 35.0% 35.2% 832,847
(+) Stock-based compensation expense (+) Transaction costs (+) Interest income (+) Other adjustments Adjusted EBITDA EBIT Margin EBITDA Margin Consolidated Adjusted Net Income Build Net income attributable to common shareow ners (+) Adjustments to Net Income		361,868 (5.7%) 1.8% 21.6%	\$ \$	65,434 1,415 - 2,115 566,955 17.6% 24.9% 28.6% 224,230 -	\$	3,398 24,158 3,539 (52) 84,544 676,042 15.1% 20.2% 24.4%	\$	21,659 3,903 (9,782) 6,512 903,962 23.8% 28.6% 29.4% 507,086	\$	31,986 3,444 (22,047) 1,875 922,947 26.5% 31.9% 32.1% 509,915	\$	- (14,705) - 917,375 24.7% 30.5% 30.9%	\$	- (16,517) - 1,015,434 27.9% 33.8% 34.2%	\$	- (22,568) - 1,127,380 29.3% 34.7% 35.0%	\$	(21,735) - 1,215,048 29.8% 34.8% 35.0%	\$	- 1,298,568 30.4% 35.0% 35.2%



Debt Schedule

Advanced Drainage Systems - Debt Schedule

	 FY20		FY21		FY22	FY23	FY24	 FY25	FY26	FY27		FY28	 FY29
(\$ in thousands)	Mar-20A	Ν	/lar-21A	Ν	lar-22A	Mar-23A	Mar-24A	Mar-25E	Mar-26E	 Mar-27E	ľ	Mar-28E	Mar-29E
Debt Scheduale													
Term Loan Facility, beg.	\$ -	\$	648,250	\$	441,250	\$ 434,250	\$ 427,250	\$ 420,250	\$ 408,380	\$ 398,407	\$	340,971	\$
(+) Draw dow n, net	648,250		-		-	-	-						
(–) Repayment, net	-		(207,000)		(7,000)	(7,000)	(7,000)	(11,870)	(9,973)	(57,436)		(340,971)	
Term Loan Facility, end	\$ 648,250	\$	441,250	\$	434,250	\$ 427,250	\$ 420,250	\$ 408,380	\$ 398,407	\$ 340,971	\$	-	\$ *******************
(+) 5.0% Senior Notes due 2027	350,000		350,000		350,000	350,000	350,000	350,000	350,000	-		-	
(+) 6.375% Senior Notes due 2030	-		-		-	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000		500,000	500,00
(+) Revolving Credit Facility	100,000		-		114,300	-	-	-	-	-		-	
(+) 1.6% Equipment financing	1,492		-		31,254	18,638	10,901	10,901	10,901	10,901		749	
Total Debt	\$ 1,099,742	\$	791,250	\$	929,804	\$ 1,295,888	\$ 1,281,151	\$ 1,269,281	\$ 1,259,308	\$ 851,872	\$	500,749	\$ 500,000
(-) Unamortized debt issuance costs	(2,419)		(2,030)		(1,648)	(11,804)	(9,759)	(9,759)	(9,759)	(9,759)		(9,759)	(9,75
(-) Current portion of long-term debt	(7,955)		(7,000)		(19,451)	(14,693)	(11,870)	(11,870)	(11,870)	(11,870)		(11,870)	(11,87
Total Long-term debt	\$ 1,089,368	\$	782,220	\$	908,705	\$ 1,269,391	\$ 1,259,522	\$ 1,247,652	\$ 1,237,679	\$ 830,243	\$	479,120	\$ 478,37
Schedule of Long-term Debt Maturities - Per SEC Filings							[11,870	9,973	407,436		351,123	74
Consolidated Debt Outstanding													
Long-term debt	\$ 1,089,368	\$	782,220	\$	908,705	\$ 1,269,391	\$ 1,259,522	\$ 1,247,652	\$ 1,237,679	\$ 830,243	\$	479,120	\$ 478,37
Current portion of long-term debt	7,955		7,000		19,451	14,693	11,870	11,870	11,870	11,870		11,870	11,87
(-) Cash and cash equivalents	(174,233)		(195,009)		(20,125)	(217,128)	(490,163)	(550,560)	(902,711)	(965,988)		(1,180,820)	(1,830,61
Net Debt	\$ 923,090	\$	594,211	\$	908,031	\$ 1,066,956	\$ 781,229	\$ 708,962	\$ 346,838	\$ (123,875)	\$	(689,830)	\$ (1,340,37
Interest Expense, net													
Average Debt Balance		\$	945,496	\$	860,527	\$ 1,112,846	\$ 1,288,520	\$ 1,275,216	\$ 1,264,295	\$ 1,055,590	\$	676,311	\$ 500,37
Interest Expense, net			35,658		33,550	70,182	88,862	87,945	87,191	 72,798		46,641	 34,50
Effective Interest Rate			3.8%		3.9%	6.3%	6.9%	6.9%	6.9%	6.9%		6.9%	6.9
Summary Credit Metrics													
Interest Expense	82,711		35,658		33,550	70,182	88,862	87,945	87,191	72,798		46,641	34,50
EBIT	(94,994)		348,130		418,647	732,124	761,151	733,535	828,779	944,866		1,032,457	1,120,51
EBITDA	29,946		493,716		560,455	877,273	916,054	904,080	1,002,951	1,119,948		1,205,783	1,290,18
CAPEX	67,677		78,757		149,083	166,913	183,812	250,000	235,000	225,000		215,000	200,00
LTM Coverage Ratios													
EBIT / total interest expense	(1.1x)		9.8x		12.5x	10.4x	8.6x	8.3x	9.5x	13.0x		22.1x	32.
EBITDA / total interest expense	0.4x		13.8x		16.7x	12.5x	10.3x	10.3x	11.5x	15.4x		25.9x	37.4
(EBITDA – capex) / total interest expense	(0.5x)		11.6x		12.3x	10.1x	8.2x	7.4x	8.8x	12.3x		21.2x	31.0
Total Debt / EBITDA	36.4x		1.6x		1.6x	1.4x	1.4x	1.4x	1.2x	0.7x		0.4x	0.4
Net Debt / EBITDA	30.8x		1.2x		1.6x	1.2x	0.9x	0.8x	0.3x	(0.1x)		(0.6x)	(1.0



Scenario Analysis: Base Case

Ac	lvanced	l Dra	inage S	Systems	- Scenari	io Ana	lysis
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Advanced Drainage Systems - Scenario Analysis			Base	Cas	se		
	FY24	FY25	FY26		FY27	FY28	FY29
(\$ in millions)	Mar-24A	Mar-25E	Mar-26E		Mar-27E	Mar-28E	Mar-29E
Pipe	\$ 1,586,618	\$ 1,586,618	\$ 1,697,681	\$	1,792,751	\$ 1,886,871	\$ 1,981,214
Grow th		0.0%	7.0%		5.6%	5.3%	5.0%
Infiltrator	531,236	610,921	702,560		786,867	857,685	917,723
Grow th		15.0%	15.0%		12.0%	9.0%	7.0%
International	222,002	226,442	230,971		235,590	240,302	245,108
Grow th		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
Allied Products & Other	684,329	698,112	763,957		824,666	886,829	950,983
Grow th		2.0%	9.4%		7.9%	7.5%	7.2%
Intersegment Eliminations	(149,712)	(156,105)	(169,758)		(172,894)	(183,905)	(194,514)
Net sales	\$ 2,874,473	\$ 2,965,989	\$ 3,225,410	\$	3,466,980	\$ 3,687,782	\$ 3,900,514
Grow th		3.2%	8.7%		7.5%	6.4%	5.8%
Cost of goods sold	(1,728,524)	(1,810,030)	(1,942,940)		(2,072,291)	(2,183,647)	(2,291,058)
Gross profit	1,145,949	1,155,959	 1,282,470		1,394,689	 1,504,135	 1,609,456
Margin	39.9%	39.0%	39.8%		40.2%	40.8%	41.3%
Selling, general and administrative	(370,714)	(385,579)	(419,303)		(422,972)	(446,222)	(468,062)
% of Sales	12.9%	13.0%	13.0%		12.2%	12.1%	12.0%
Intangible amortization	(51,469)	(51,550)	(50,905)		(49,420)	(47,191)	(44,499)
Income from operations	732,131	718,830	 812,262		922,298	1,010,723	1,096,895
Margin	25.5%	24.2%	25.2%		26.6%	27.4%	28.1%
Interest expense	(88,862)	(87,945)	(87,191)		(72,798)	(46,641)	(34,508)
Interest income and other, net	23,484	14,705	16,517		22,568	21,735	23,616
Income before income taxes	 666,753	 645,591	 741,588		872,067	 985,816	 1,086,004
Margin	23.2%	21.8%	23.0%		25.2%	26.7%	27.8%
Income tax expense	(158,998)	(148,486)	(170,565)		(200,576)	(226,738)	(249,781)
ETR	23.8%	23.0%	23.0%		23.0%	23.0%	23.0%
Net income	513,291	497,105	571,022		671,492	759,078	836,223
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	 (3,376)	 (3,376)	 (3,376)		(3,376)	 (3,376)	 (3,376)
Net income attributable to ADS	\$ 509,915	\$ 493,729	\$ 567,646	\$	668,116	\$ 755,702	\$ 832,847
Diluted Earnings per Share	\$ 6.45	\$ 6.35	\$ 7.33	\$	8.66	\$ 9.83	\$ 10.87
Diluted Weighted Average Shares	79,017	77,727	77,424		77,138	76,868	76,611
nal Model Projections							

Sources: Internal Model Projections



Base Case: Advanced Drainage Systems Discounted Cash Flow Analysis

				Fis	cal Year End	ing M	arch 31,			
	 2025E	1	2026E		2027E		2028E	2029E	Te	rminal Value
NOPAT	\$ 564,822	\$	638,160	\$	727,547	\$	794,992	\$ 862,794		
(+) Depreciation and Amortization	170,544		174,172		175,082		173,326	169,672		
(+) Change in Working Capital	(45,637)		(42,326)		(39,151)		(33,806)	(31,800)		
(+) Other Non-Cash Charges	-		-		-		-	-		
(+) Capital Expenditures	 (250,000)		(235,000)		(225,000)		(215,000)	 (200,000)		
Unlevered Free Cash Flow	\$ 439,729	\$	535,006	\$	638,478	\$	719,512	\$ 800,667	\$	15,746,444
Discount Factor	0.92		0.85		0.78		0.72	0.67		0.67
PV of Free Cash Flow	\$ 405,281	\$	454,464	\$	499,870	\$	519,181	\$ 532,480	\$	10,472,100
Enterprise Value	\$ 12,883,376									
(-) Net Debt	 769,733									
Equity Value	\$ 12,113,643									
(÷) Shares Outstanding	 79,017									
Price per Share	\$ 153.30									
<u>Assumptions</u>										
Weighted Average Cost of Capital	8.5%									
Perpetual Grow th Rate	3.3%									



Scenario Analysis: Upside Case

Advanced Drainage Systems - Scenario Analysis

Advanced Drainage Systems - Scenario Analysis	Upside Case												
		FY24		FY25		FY26		FY27		FY28		FY29	
(\$ in millions)		Mar-24A		Mar-25E		Mar-26E		Mar-27E		Mar-28E		Mar-29E	
Pipe	\$	1,586,618	\$	1,618,350	\$	1,747,818	\$	1,863,174	\$	1,979,623	\$	2,098,400	
Grow th				2.0%		8.0%		6.6%		6.3%		6.0%	
Infiltrator		531,236		621,546		720,993		814,723		896,195		967,891	
Grow th				17.0%		16.0%		13.0%		10.0%		8.0%	
International		222,002		227,552		233,241		239,072		245,049		251,175	
Grow th				2.5%		2.5%		2.5%		2.5%		2.5%	
Allied Products & Other		684,329		704,955		785,544		863,680		946,058		1,033,417	
Grow th				3.0%		11.4%		9.9%		9.5%		9.2%	
Intersegment Eliminations		(149,712)		(158,620)		(174,380)		(179,581)		(193,179)		(206,667)	
Netsales	\$	2,874,473	\$	3,013,784	\$	3,313,217	\$	3,601,068	\$	3,873,746	\$	4,144,216	
Grow th				4.8%		9.9%		8.7%		7.6%		7.0%	
Cost of goods sold		(1,728,524)		(1,833,170)		(1,970,985)		(2,125,430)		(2,264,708)		(2,403,120)	
Gross profit		1,145,949		1,180,614		1,342,233		1,475,638		1,609,037		1,741,096	
Margin		39.9%		39.2%		40.5%		41.0%		41.5%		42.0%	
Selling, general and administrative		(370,714)		(384,257)		(422,435)		(430,328)		(459,039)		(486,945)	
% of Sales		12.9%		12.8%		12.8%		12.0%		11.9%		11.8%	
Intangible amortization		(51,469)		(51,550)		(50,905)		(49,420)		(47,191)		-	
Income from operations		732,131		744,807		868,893		995,890		1,102,807		1,254,150	
Margin		25.5%		24.7%		26.2%		27.7%		28.5%		30.3%	
Interest expense		(88,862)		(87,945)		(87,191)		(72,798)		(46,641)		(34,508)	
Interest income and other, net		23,484		14,705		16,517		22,568		21,735		23,616	
Income before income taxes		666,753		671,567		798,218		945,660		1,077,901		1,243,259	
Margin		23.2%		22.3%		24.1%		26.3%		27.8%		30.0%	
Income tax expense		(158,998)		(154,460)		(183,590)		(217,502)		(247,917)		(285,949)	
ETR		23.8%		23.0%		23.0%		23.0%		23.0%		23.0%	
Net income		513,291		517,107		614,628		728,158		829,984		957,309	
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		(3,376)		(3,376)		(3,376)		(3,376)		(3,376)		(3,376)	
Net income attributable to ADS	\$	509,915	\$	513,731	\$	611,252	\$	724,782	\$	826,608	\$	953,933	
Diluted Earnings per Share	\$	6.45	\$	6.61	\$	7.89	\$	9.40	\$	10.75	\$	12.45	
Diluted Weighted Average Shares	-	79,017		77,727		77,424		77,138		76,868		76,611	
nal Model Projections				•						-			



Upside Case: Advanced Drainage Systems Discounted Cash Flow Analysis

	Fiscal Year Ending March 31,											
	2025E		2026E			2027E		2028E		2029E	Terminal Value	
NOPAT (+) Depreciation and Amortization (+) Change in Working Capital (+) Other Non-Cash Charges	\$	578,840 170,544 (45,637)	\$	669,047 174,172 (42,326)	\$	734,364 175,082 (39,151)	\$	795,942 173,326 (33,806)	\$	965,696 169,672 (31,800)		
(+) Capital Expenditures		(250,000)		(235,000)		(225,000)		(215,000)		(200,000)		
Unlevered Free Cash Flow	\$	453,747	\$	565,894	\$	645,296	\$	720,462	\$	903,568	\$	18,658,688
Discount Factor		0.92		0.85		0.79		0.73		0.67		0.67
PV of Free Cash Flow	\$	419,166	\$	482,924	\$	508,716	\$	524,686	\$	607,885	\$	12,552,828
Enterprise Value	\$	15,096,205										
(-) Net Debt		769,733										
Equity Value	\$	14,326,472										
(÷) Shares Outstanding		79,017										
Price per Share	\$	181.31										
<u>Assumptions</u>												
Weighted Average Cost of Capital		8.3%										
Perpetual Grow th Rate		3.3%										



Scenario Analysis: Downside Case

Advanced Drainage Systems - Scenario Analysis Downside Case **FY24 FY25 FY26 FY27 FY28 FY29** (\$ in millions) Mar-24A Mar-25E Mar-26E Mar-27E Mar-28E Mar-29E Pipe \$ 1.586.618 \$ 1.554.886 \$ 1.632.630 1.691.405 1.798.767 \$ \$ 1,746,375 \$ Grow th (2.0%)5.0% 3.6% 3.3% Infiltrator 531.236 600.297 678,335 746.169 798.401 838,321 Grow th 13.0% 13.0% 10.0% 7.0% International 222,002 224,222 226,464 228,729 231,016 233,326 Grow th 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% Allied Products & Other 684.329 684.425 728.446 764.480 799.173 833.010 Grow th 0.0% 4.9% 4.5% 6.4% Intersegment Eliminations (149,712)(153, 191)(163, 294)(162.962)(169.811)(175, 913)Net sales 2,910,638 \$ 3,102,582 \$ \$ 2,874,473 \$ 3,267,820 \$ 3,405,154 \$ 3,527,511 Grow th 1.3% 6.6% 5.3% 4.2% Cost of goods sold (1,728,524)(1,783,528)(1,907,732)(1,994,096)(2,058,859)(2, 116, 060)Gross profit 1.145.949 1,194,849 1,273,724 1,127,110 1,346,295 1,411,451 Margin 39.9% 38.7% 38.5% 39.0% 39.5% Selling, general and administrative (370,714)(392, 936)(418, 849)(415.013)(429.049)(440.939)% of Sales 12.9% 13.5% 13.5% 12.7% 12.6% Intangible amortization (51, 469)(51, 550)(50,905)(49, 420)(47, 191)Income from operations 732,131 682,624 725,096 809,291 870,055 970,512 Margin 25.5% 23.5% 23.4% 24.8% 25.6% Interest expense (88, 862)(87,945) (87,191) (72, 798)(46, 641)(34, 508)Interest income and other, net 23,484 14,705 16,517 22,568 21,735 23,616 Income before income taxes 666.753 609.384 654,422 759,061 845,148 959.621 Margin 23.2% 20.9% 21.1% 23.2% 24.8% Income tax expense (158,998)(140, 158)(150, 517)(174, 584)(194, 384)(220,713)ETR 23.8% 23.0% 23.0% 23.0% 23.0% Net income 513,291 469,226 503,905 650,764 738,908 584,477 Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest (3, 376)(3.376)(3, 376)(3, 376)(3, 376)Net income attributable to ADS \$ 509,915 \$ 465.850 \$ 500.529 \$ 581.101 \$ 647.388 \$ 735,532

6.46 \$

77.424

7.53 \$

77.138

Diluted Earnings per Share \$ 6.45 \$ 5.99 \$ **Diluted Weighted Average Shares** 79,017 77.727

3.0%

5.0%

1.0%

4.2%

3.6%

40.0%

12.5%

27.5%

27.2%

23.0%

(3, 376)

9.60

76.611

8.42 \$

76.868



Downside Case: Advanced Drainage Systems Discounted Cash Flow Analysis

	Fiscal Year Ending March 31,											
		2025E		2026E		2027E		2028E		2029E	Terminal Value	
NOPAT	\$	522,530	\$	572,153	\$	623,154	\$	669,942	\$	747,294		
(+) Depreciation and Amortization		170,544		174,172		175,082		173,326		169,672		
(+) Change in Working Capital		(45,637)		(42,326)		(39,151)		(33,806)		(31,800)		
(+) Other Non-Cash Charges		-		-		-		-		-		
(+) Capital Expenditures		(250,000)		(235,000)		(225,000)		(215,000)		(200,000)		
Unlevered Free Cash Flow	\$	397,437	\$	468,999	\$	534,086	\$	594,462	\$	685,167	\$	9,363,951
Discount Factor		0.91		0.83		0.75		0.68		0.62		0.62
PV of Free Cash Flow	\$	361,307	\$	387,603	\$	401,266	\$	406,026	\$	425,435	\$	5,814,277
Enterprise Value	\$	7,795,913										
(-) Net Debt		769,733										
Equity Value	\$	7,026,180										
(÷) Shares Outstanding		79,017										
Price per Share	\$	88.92										
<u>Assumptions</u>												
Weighted Average Cost of Capital		10.0%										
Perpetual Grow th Rate		2.5%										



Supply Chain Analysis

Fluctuations in the price and availability of resins, our principal raw materials, and our inability to obtain adequate supplies of resins from suppliers and partice increases to customers could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Resin prices fluctuate substantially as a result of changes in crude oil and natural gas prices, changes in existing processing capabilities and the capacity of resin suppliers. Polypropylene resin suppliers are limited, high-density polyethylene suppliers are geographically concentrated, and supply of recycled resin is also limited. Supply interruptions could arise from disruptions to existing petrochemical capacity and recycled resin suppliers, weather conditions or natural disasters affecting supplies or shipments, transportation disruptions or other factors beyond our control. An extended disruption in the timely availability of raw materials from our key suppliers would result in a decrease in our revenues and profitability. Additionally, our customers' production schedules could be impacted by these shortages, which could result in reduced sales of our products.

Inflation in these raw material costs could also result in significant cost increases, further affecting our business. Our ability to maintain profitability heavily depends on our ability to pass through to our customers any increase in raw material costs. If increases in the cost of raw materials cannot be passed on to our customers, our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows will be adversely affected. Conversely, in the event that there is deflation, we may experience pressure from our customers to reduce prices. We may not be able to reduce our cost base to offset any such price concessions which could adversely impact our results of operations and cash flows.

Raw Material Costs - Our raw material cost and product selling prices fluctuate with changes in the price of resins utilized in production. We actively manage our resin purchases and pass fluctuations in the cost of resin through to our customers, where possible, in order to maintain our profitability. Fluctuations in the price of resins utilized in production. We actively manage our resin purchases and pass fluctuations in the cost of resin through to our customers, where possible, in order to maintain our profitability. Fluctuations in the price of resins utilized in product of time. Our ability to pass through raw material price increases to our customers may lag the increase in our costs of goods sold. Sharp rises in raw material prices over a short period of time have historic 2 curred with a significant supply disruption, which may increase prices to levels that cannot be fully passed through to customers due to pricing of competing products or the anticipated length of time the raw material price material prices.

We currently purchase in excess of 1.1 billion pounds of virgin and recycled resin annually from approximately 525 suppliers in North America. As a high-volume buyer of resin, we are able to achieve economies of scale to negotiate favorable terms and pricing. Our purchasing strategies differ based on the material (virgin resin versus recycled material). The price movements of the different materials vary, resulting in the need to use a number of strategies to reduce volatility.

- 3 er to reduce the volatility of raw material costs in the future, our raw material strategies for managing our costs include the following: increasing the use of recycled resin in place of virgin resin while meeting or exceeding industry standards;
- internally processing greater amounts of our recycled resin in order to closely monitor quality and minimize costs
- managing a resin price risk program that may entail both physical fixed price and volume contracts; and
- maintaining supply agreements with our major resin suppliers that provide multi-year terms and volumes that are in excess of our projected consumption.

We also consume a large amount of energy and other petroleum products in our operations, including the electricity we use in our manufacturing process as well as the diesel fuel consumed in delivering a significant volume of products to our customers through our in-house fleet. As a result, our operating profit also depends upon our ability to manage the cost of the energy and fuel we require, as well as our ability to pass through increased prices or surcharges to our customers.

Raw Material and Commodity Price Risk - Our primary raw materials used in the production of our products are HDPE and PP resins. As these resins are hydrocarbon-based maters the price of freedstocks, such as crude oil derivatives and natural gas liquids, as well as changes in the market supply and demand may cause the cost of these resins to fluctuate significantly. We have supply agreements with our major resin suppliers that provide multi-year terms and volumes that are in excess of our projected consumption. These supply agreements generally do not contain fixed prices, exposing us to pricing risk. Given the significance of these costs and the inherent volatility in supplier pricing, our ability to reflect these changes in the cost of resins in our product selling prices in an efficient manner contributes to the management of our overall risk and the potential impact on our results of operations. If 1% increase in the price of fresh would increase our cost of goods sold by approximately S.0 million.

WMS supplier contracts Plastic suppliers are WMS can secure favorable generally don't include fixed pricing due to its position as a geographically concentrated in prices which exposes WMS to states with high oil and natural can buyer of plastic resins (1.1B fluctuations in the supply of US gas production like Texas and lbs. in 2024). Its sources its Midwestern States like Ohio. This materials from a fragmented Natural Gas and Virgin Plastic concentration exposes the group of 525 suppliers supply chain to severe weather A 1% increase in the price of risks resin would increase COGS by WMS is mitigating concentration \$1M in 2024 and commodity risks by sourcing more recycled resins from suppliers and in-house



Site Visit / Correspondence

- Site Visit to Advanced Drainage Distribution Facility
- Correspondence with Territory Representative & Field Engineer



Interviews/Sources

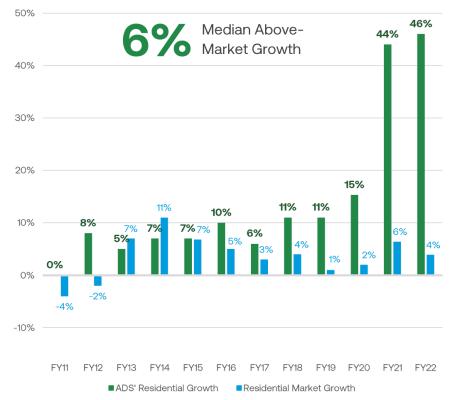
 Interview with Analyst at William Blair





Demonstrated Ability to Outperform End Markets

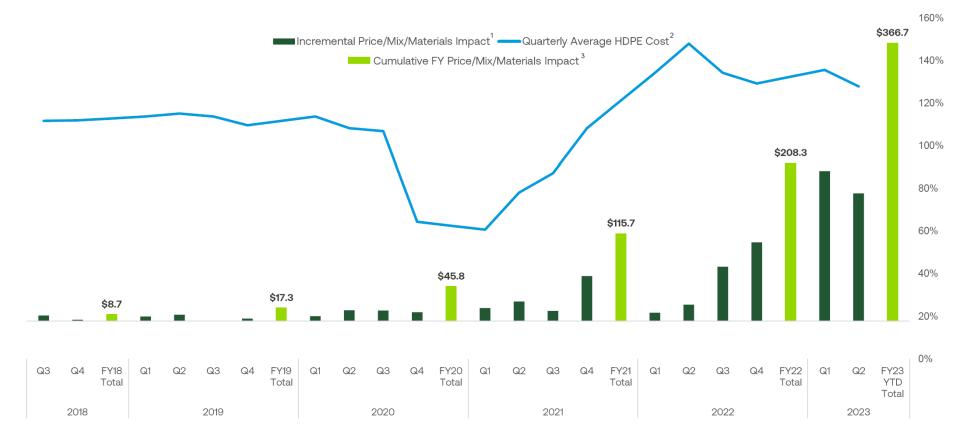




Residential Growth



Demonstrated Ability to Achieve Favorable Price / Mix / Materials









Onsite Septic Wastewater Solutions



C

Conveyance

Wastewater is fed through piping systems into an underground tank located outside of the home



Primary Treatment

Septic tank stores and treats solids while releasing clarified effluent into the leachfield

3 Seco

Secondary Treatment

Leachfield stores and allows infiltration of effluent into soil; naturally filtered and returned to local aquifer

Active





Active Treatment Systems

Additional higher-level effluent treatment prior to dispersal

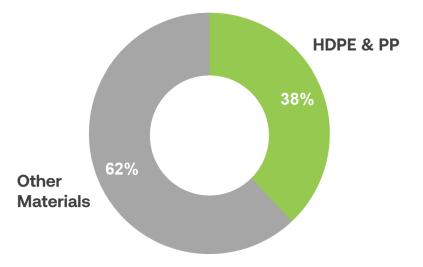
Passive



Material Conversion Accelerating Growth

Our products perform better, are safer to install and are more cost effective than traditional materials.

Share of Storm Sewer Market

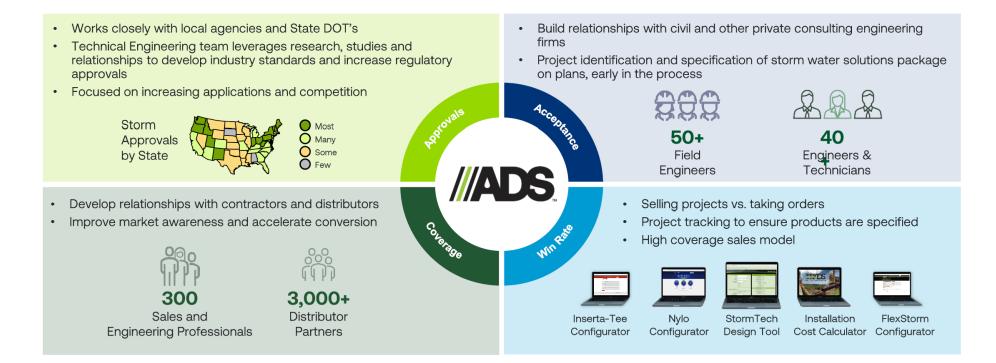


ADS & Infiltrator Products Outperform Traditional Materials Installs 2x-3x Faster 20% Less Installed Cost • Reduced labor and equipment due to lighter weight and longer length • Fewer deliveries per project • Safer to handle • Safer to handle • Resistant to chemicals and abrasion • High quality ensured by national standards • Performs in all situations • Fewer, higher quality joints



Market Share Model Accelerates Conversion

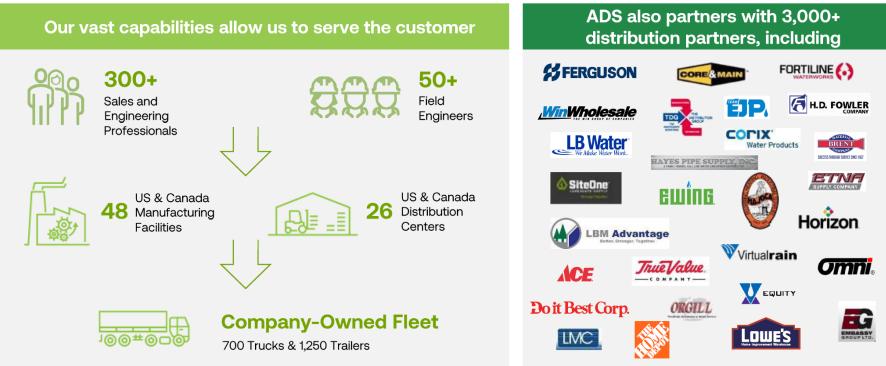
Proven market share model leverages best-in-class sales force, technical expertise, and distribution & logistics network to deliver above-market growth and position ADS as the supplier of choice





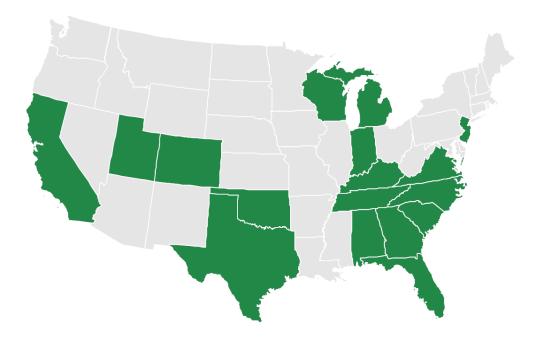
Sales, Distribution and Logistics Capabilities to Serve the Water Works Industry

Our vast sales and engineering force and distribution footprint coupled with our company owned fleet ensures we have the right products, at the right site, at the right time to meet customer needs





Winning in Priority States



Market Context

Priority states represent ~60% of construction activity in the U.S.

Represent ~55% of non-residential activity

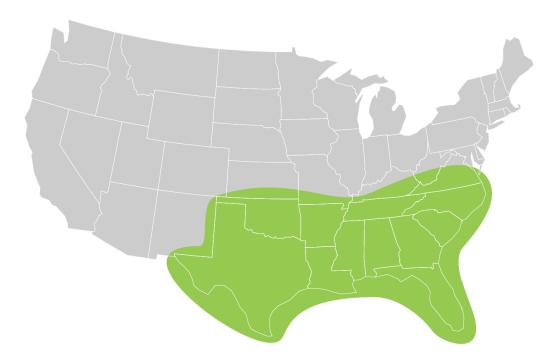
~70% of overall housing starts

~60% of streets & highways activity

Construction activity forecasted to grow at 7% CAGR from CY21 to CY25



Geographical Spread of Onsite Septic Use



~1/3

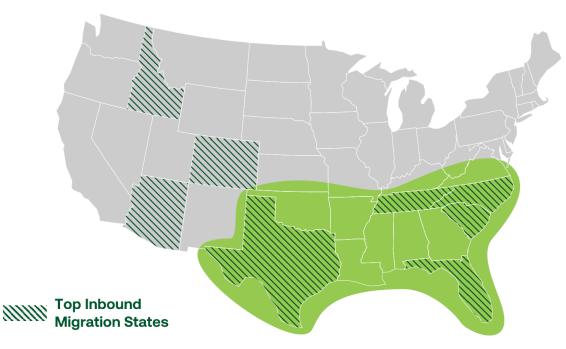
of new single-family homes built in the U.S. use onsite wastewater treatment systems

~54%

of Infiltrator onsite wastewater treatment system sales are in the southern crescent of the U.S.



Infiltrator Well Positioned For Growth Benefits from Migration Shift



Demand for single-family homes has increased due to **population migration** from high density areas to suburban and rural areas.

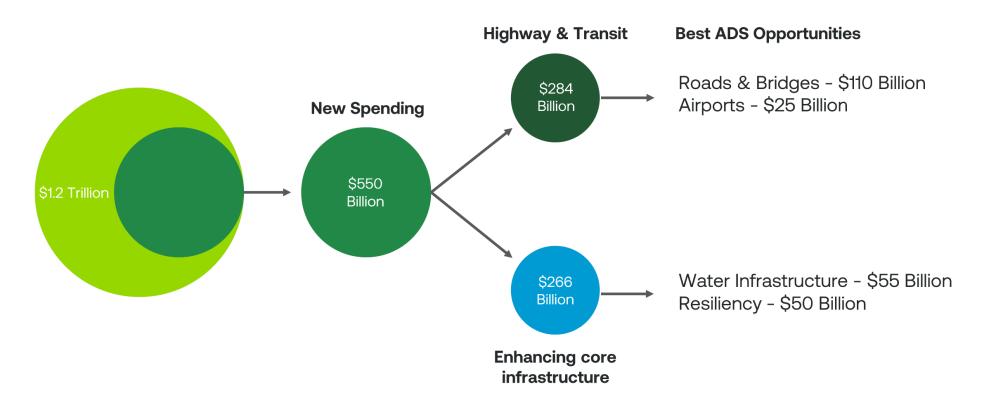
These migration trends are particularly evident **in states along the southern crescent of the U.S.**

Wastewater management systems in these areas are **often served by septic systems.**



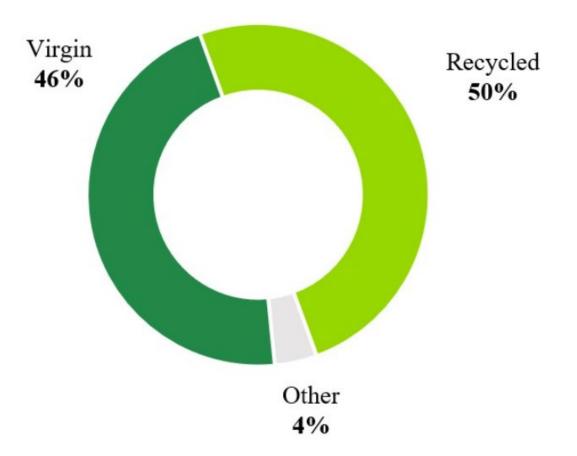
Infrastructure Investment & Jobs Act (IIJA)

\$1.2T over 5 years, including \$550B in incremental new funding











Florida: Contractor and Municipal Acceptance Key to Continued Growth

PRIORITY STATES





Florida **is poised for continued rapid growth** given strong DOT approval and rapid gains in acceptance



Primary constraints are hold-out contractors and engineers comfortable with concrete

Metro market focused team model has experienced success

Major Initiatives

Improve contractor acceptance with public concrete pipe loyalists through named account targeting strategy



Build out **comprehensive metro-specific teams** with full complement of stakeholder coverage

Win approvals in prioritized holdout municipalities

Key Enablers



Incremental **resourcing** focused on filling gaps in metro market teams and providing support

Streamline pre- and post-order support functions

Water quality offering suited to FL environment

Explore other products for retention/detention

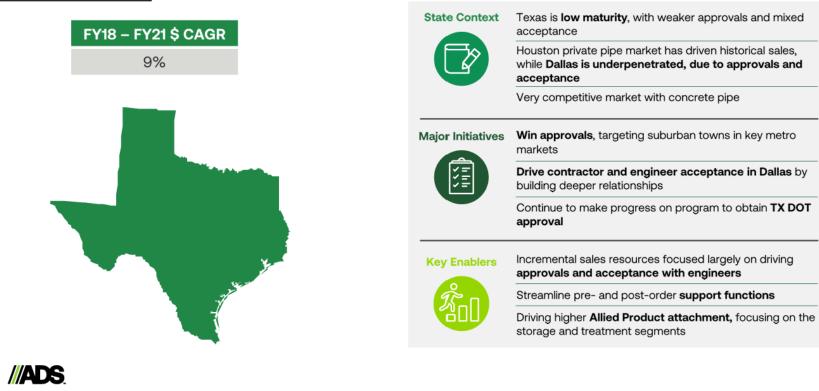
Infrastructure focused sales team to capitalize on market opportunity





Texas: Gaining Public Approvals and "Winning" in Dallas Key to Unlocking Sales Potential

PRIORITY STATES





California: Improving Coverage, Product Solutions and Service to Drive Future Growth

PRIORITY STATES



State Context	California is lower maturity due to coverage and acceptance limitations									
	Unique storm pipe applications require fabricated fittings; fabrication presents service level challenge									
	Water Quality market promising, owned by low impact solutions									
Najor Initiatives	Add coverage to improve market and project visibility									
	Resolve customer service challenges									
	Win approvals in prioritized municipalities (LA, San Diego San Francisco)									
	Capitalize on CalTrans approval by driving acceptance with engineers									
	Improve existing distributor engagement in S. CA									
Key Enablers	Incremental resourcing focused on improving coverage and engineer acceptance									
gr -	Redefine logistics to improve service levels									
	Improve curvilinear design solution									
	Develop bio-filtration water quality offering									



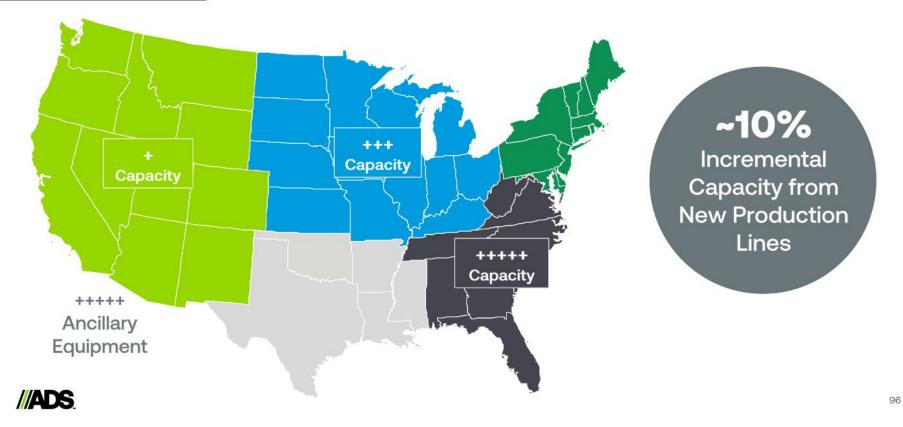


CAPACITY EXPANSION

2022 Capacity Expansion Plans

New Production Capacity Investments

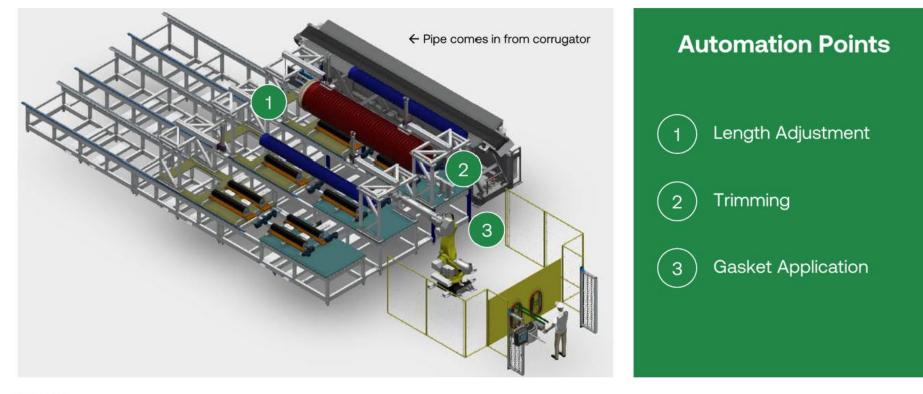
Approved Investments Coming Through FY25





Automating Downstream Processes

AUTOMATION







Automation Continued



Automation











Advanced Manufacturing

÷

Centralized Production

- The Winchester, KY campus has ample room for continued expansion
- Advanced Molding Facility is a \$155M capital investment that includes the world's largest presses and molds to meet strong demand in residential onsite septic market



Winchester, KY Manufacturing Operations







Advanced Manufacturing Continued



Advanced Manufacturing



Worlds largest injection molding presses



Worlds largest compression molding machine



Robust patent portfolio including 190 patents



Advanced automation moving towards no-touch operations



Case Study – Infiltrator Advanced Molding Manufacturing Efficiency

Manufacturing engineering delivering capacity, cost reductions and high-quality product



Cycle Time Reduction 95% | 23x Capacity Expansion

Weight Reduction 17% | Shipping Cost Reduction 72%

- World's largest equipment designed by Infiltrator to manufacture compression molded septic tanks
- Revolutionizing molding & automation while competition utilizes rotomolding
- Integrated next generation product designs that improved structural integrity while reducing the material (weight)



6x Improvement in Labor Efficiency

World-class manufacturing and engineering with proven track record to develop innovative products

